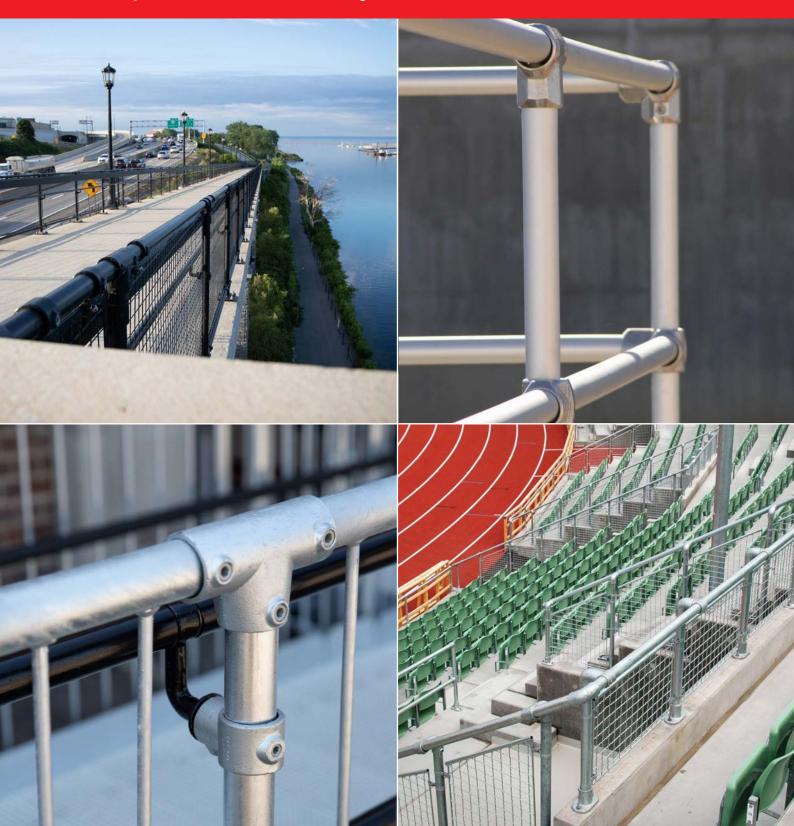


YOU'LL NEVER BE BETTER PROTECTED

Components for Safety Barrier Solutions





The principle is simple yet highly effective, proven over 80 years in thousands of completed projects across the globe. Whether you need to separate people from hazards or protect your equipment on site, Kee Safety offers the most cost effective, flexible and safe solutions to your barrier requirements.

Safety

Kee Safety regularly monitors all new safety standards and directives to ensure the highest protection. Our systems not only meet but also exceed the current safety requirements and our components comply with the latest UK Building Regulations and European Standards.

Quality

Quality is the overriding priority when manufacturing Kee Safety components. Components are manufactured to strict specifications and TÜV certified for strength, manufacturing quality and consistency.

Solutions

From simple protection for loading bays or safety walkways in factories, to safety barriers in aggressive coastal environments or the protection of road bridges and culverts, Kee Safety provides you with confidence that you are compliant with safety requirements.

Kee Klamp[®]



An innovative product for the construction of steel tubular structures. Kee Klamp® components are galvanised cast iron for strength and corrosion

Go to page



range of galvanised cast iron components are suitable for stairs, ramps and walkways. They are specially designed for disabled access, meeting the requirements of Building

Go to page

Kee Lite[®]



from a polished high grade aluminium alloy for the construction of lightweight tubular structures. Kee Lite® components offer superior corrosion resistance, strength and

Go to page

TECHNICAL INFORMATION

Tubes for your Structure

Kee Safety components are produced in a range of standard sizes to suit medium and heavy gauge steel tubing manufactured to BS EN 10255 (ISO 65).

Tubing of other specifications can be used, providing the steel is compatible with BS EN 10255 (ISO 65) and wall thickness is not less than 3.2mm.

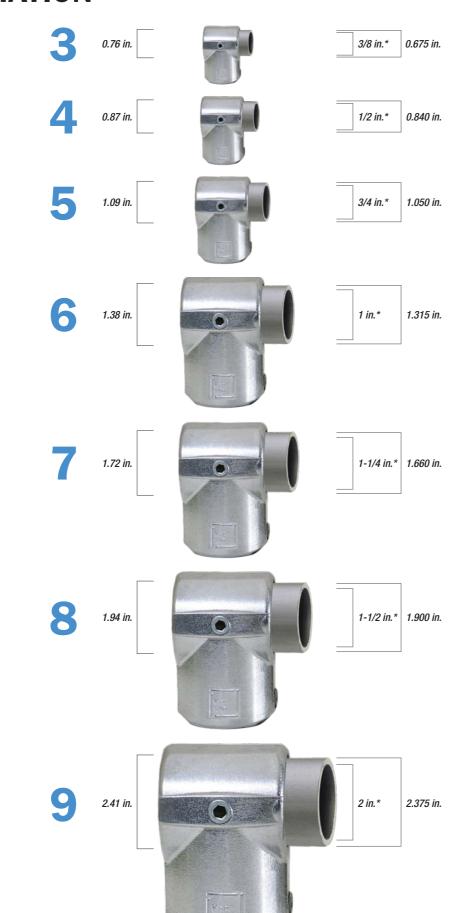
KEE KLAMP Tube size	Tube diameter (mm o.d.)	Nominal Bore* (mm)
3	17.5	10
4	21.3	15
5	26.9	20
6	33.7	25
7	42.4	32
8	48.3	40
9	60.3	50

^{*} Nominal bore is an arbitrary dimension, because the bore varies with the wall thickness of the tubes.

TÜV Approved

Kee Safety components are approved by TÜV, Europe's leading independent testing house. The maximum load of each component type is as stated on the TÜV Certificate, a copy of which is available upon request. For an up-to-date TÜV listing see our website at www.keesafety.co.uk.

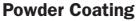






Galvanised Steel

Kee Klamp and Kee Klamp access components are supplied hot dip galvanised to BS EN ISO 1461.



Durable, polyester coating applied to already galvanised/polished products; available in any RAL colour.

Aluminium

Kee Lite components are made from high grade Aluminium Silicon Magnesium Alloy.



RAL Colours

The broad colour range offers a variety of visual contrast options. These colours will enhance any handrail, guardrail, balustrade or a multitude of applications.

Anti-Bacterial Coating

Defence against the growth of potentially harmful invisible bacteria and fungi; this powder coating can be applied in a wide range of RAL colours.

Selecting Kee Safety Components

Every component is illustrated and accompanied by a table of sizes and weights. Each component has a simple numerical code reference, which is unique and differentiates it from every other component. The code defines the type of component and the tube size or sizes it is designed to receive.



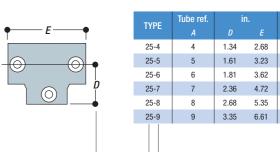
Three Socket Tee

Most commonly used as the 90° ioint between the top-rail and an intermediate upright on safety railing. As there are two socket set screws in the sleeve, this component can be used where a join is required in the horizontal tube. The Type 10 component can be used as an alternative when a join in the tube is not required.

Component type, name and description



reference in the table corresponding measurement in the table



The single digit following the dash defines the tube size. (Two digits after the dash indicate that the component is designed to receive two sizes of tube, and likewise with three digits.) See opposite page for tube reference digits related to actual tube dimensions

1.34

1.61

1.81

2.68

2.68

3.23

3.62

5.35

2.36 4.72

First number preceding the dash identifies the component type

Note: Kee Safety can provide general guidance on the use of the components detailed in this catalogue. However, the nature of the product means that the ultimate responsibility for selecting the correct component for an application rests with the customer. The customer should also ensure that any existing structure to which a Kee Safety component is being secured is of sufficient strength to support both the weight of the Kee Safety construction and the imposed loads applied, including wind loads, snow loads and any other superimposed loads.

Kee Klamp[®]

Galvanised Iron Components

The engineering principle behind the Kee Klamp component is the foundation of the most versatile tube connection system available. We provide the versatility needed to achieve virtually any structure configuration.



A SUPERIOR SOLUTION

Steel tube is an inherently efficient structural component. It is strong, has no sharp corners, and is readily available worldwide. The difficulty in using steel tube to form structures arises when joining. Threaded tube must be supplied in set lengths making for zero flexibility in installation. Welding is labour intensive, requires a highly skilled workforce, and specialised equipment.

Kee Klamp components are iron castings manufactured to the requirements of BS EN 1562 and 1563.

Kee Klamp component have the the widest seletion composing a range of components to suit seven different sizes of tube.

Hexagon socket set screws firmly lock the component to the tube. Set screws are manufactured in case hardened steel and are protected against corrosion with Kee Koat. This ensures that tubular structures achieve longer life and better corrosion resistance.

A Kee Klamp component (size 5 to 9) can support an axial load of 2000 lbs. per set screw with the set screw tightened to a torque of 29lbs./ft; rating includes a safety factor of 2:1. This is normally obtained when the set screw is fully tightened using a ratchet wrench.

Components by Function

BASES

62	Standard Railing
63	Angle Base

363 Angle Base Flange 11°-30°

64 Vertical Railing 65 Horizontal Railing

66 Ground 67 Angle 68

Wall

69 Rail w/ Toe Adaptor

115 Wall

262 Round Flange 265 Offset Rail Wall 316 Parapet Clips

CLIPS

79 Sheeting 81 Single Sided 82 Double Sided

Sheeting w/o hardware

COUPLINGS

14 Straight 18 Internal

Crossover Crosses

CROSSES

26 Two Socket **A26** Split Two Socket Level to Sloping Down or Up 30°-45° Two Socket Cross Adjustable 30°-45° 30

35 Three Socket

A35 Split Three Socket Four Socket

40 **A40** Split Four Socket

89 Two Socket Angle 91 PGR Two Socket Cross

High Capacity Base Flange

CROSSOVERS

17 Clamp-on 45 Crossover

A45 Split

Combination Socket Tee

Corner 121

ELBOWS

15 90° 20 Side Outlet **BC53** Swivel 55 Obtuse Angle Variable 11°-30° 55A **56** Acute Angle **56A** Acute Angle 11°-30° Angle

87 92 PGR

320LH Left hand level to Sloping Down Side 30°-45°

320RH Right hand level to Sloping Down Side 30°-45°

FLANGES

31 Pallet Swivel **C58**

P58 Double Central Flange

59 Spigot **60** Extra Heavy Flange 61 **70** Rail Support

SWIVEL SOCKETS

Single Combination **F50** Female Single Male Single

MH50 Male Single Horizontal

C51 Double

Male Double Member

MH51 Male Double Horizontal Member

C52 Corner Male Corner

Adjustable Three Way

Variable Angle Double Swivel Flange Plate

78/83 Gate Hinge Set Tab Panels

TAB PANELS

Offset Sing. w/ Slot Offset Double w/ Slot **P57** Single w/ Slot Modified P57 Double w/ CSH

TEES/SOCKETS

10 Single Socket Split Single Socket **A10** 12 Single Socket 45° **A12** Split Single Socket 45°

16 Clamp-on

19 Adjustable Side Outlet 21 90° Side Outlet

A21 Split 90° Side Outlet

25 Three Socket

327 Three Socket 11°-30°

427 Three Socket Tee 30°-45°

29 Single Socket 30°-60° 329 Single Socket Tee 11°-30°

46 **Combination Crossover**

8 Angle 88

Three Socket Angle **PGR Three Socket** 90

114 Swivel

93

321LH Left hand level to Sloping Down Side Outlet 30°-45°

Pedestrian Guard Rail

321RH Right hand level to Sloping Down Side Outlet 30°-45°

325 Level to Sloping Down

30°-45°

325A Level to Sloping Up 30°-45°

PLUGS

77 Plastic Malleable

MISCELLANEOUS

32 **Decorative Ball 71** Weather Cap **72** Stair Tread Support

75 Collar **76** Hook

95 **PGR Internal Spigot**

97 Set Screw 99 Hex Key

100 Plastic Set Screw Caps **S115** Packer Plate for Type 115

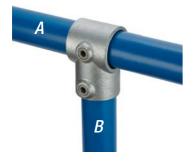
Rose Cover 118

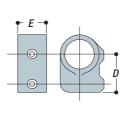
350 **Eaves Fitting** Ridge Fitting

10

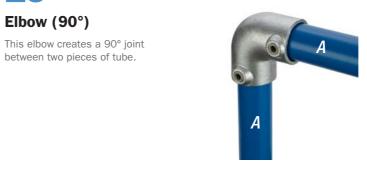
Single Socket Tee

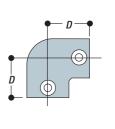
This component creates a 90° perpendicular joint between two tubes.





TYPE	Tune Iel.				lb.
ITPE					ID.
10-3	3	3	1.13	0.94	0.15
10-4	4	4	1.36	1.20	0.29
10-5	5	5	1.63	1.47	0.51
10-6	6	6	1.81	1.84	0.64
10-65	6	5	1.75	1.42	0.55
10-67	6	7	2.20	2.06	0.95
10-7	7	7	2.38	2.16	0.99
10-75	7	5	2.25	1.44	0.71
10-76	7	6	2.25	1.80	0.95
10-78	7	8	2.88	2.38	1.39
10-8	8	8	2.69	2.38	1.28
10-87	8	7	2.47	2.03	1.10
10-9	9	9	3.31	2.88	2.14
10-98	9	8	2.94	2.50	1.43





TYPE	Tube ref. A		lb.
15-4	4	1.33	0.29
15-5	5	1.61	0.60
15-6	6	1.81	0.86
15-7	7	2.36	1.48
15-8	8	2.67	1.70
15-9	9	3.34	2.82

1.97

2.09

2.64

3.03

3.54

16-5

16-6

16-7

16-8

16-9

5

8

9

0.64

0.73

1.30

1.32

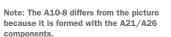
2.03

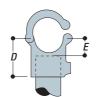
A10

Split Single Socket Tee

Designed to allow additions or extensions to existing structures, this component creates a 90° perpendicular joint between two tubes without the need for dismantling. This component has strength and function comparable the standard Type 10.





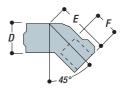


TYPE	Tube ref.	İ	n.	Ile
TTPE				lb.
A10-7	7	2.36	1.10	1.26
A10-8	8	3.46	2.36	1.59

Single Socket Tee (45°)

Engineered to create 45° angle, this component is most frequently used for bracing and struts.





TYPE	Tube ref.	D	in. <i>E</i>	F	lb.
12-5	5	1.46	2.83	1.38	0.66
12-6	6	1.73	3.35	1.38	0.95
12-7	7	2.17	3.70	1.58	1.56
12-8	8	2.36	4.25	1.58	2.02

Clamp-on Crossover

15

16

Clamp-on Tee

Widely used for adding to and modifying existing structures, this

component performs the same

function as a Type 10. Because of

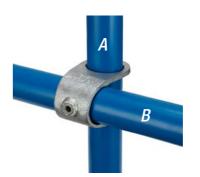
its open socket, it can be added to

a complete structure. The hex head

bolt is for retaining purposes only and should be tightened to 15Nm.

Elbow (90°)

Designed to provide a 90° crossover joint. Can be added to an existing structure. Tube should not be joined within this component. For an alternative component, see Type 45 or Type A45.



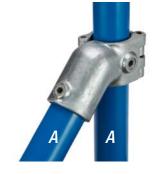
	TYPI
	17-5
	17-6
← <i>D</i> →	17-7
	17-8
	17-9
1 1	

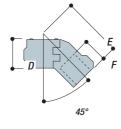
TYPE	Tube	e ref.	ir	1.	lb.
ITPE					IU.
17-5	5		1.06	1.61	0.33
17-6	6		1.34	1.89	0.51
17-7	7		1.69	2.48	0.95
17-8	8		1.93	2.68	1.23
17-9	9		2.40	3.07	1.98

A12

Split Single Socket Tee (45°)

The hinge and pin system of this component enables existing structures to be easily extended without the need for dismantling. This component is most frequently used for bracing and struts.





TYPE	Tube ref.		in.		lh
IIPE					10.
A12-8	8	2.36	4.80	2.05	2.36

18

Internal Coupling

The Internal Coupling creates a flush joint between two tubes of the same diameter. This component should not be used where a direct tensile load is applied.

Α	A

Note: This component can only be used	
with tube wall with a thickness of 3.2 mm.	

•	D
	E

11175				IU.
18-6	6	2.99	0.79	0.57
18-7	7	2.99	0.79	0.84
18-8	8	3.74	0.79	1.19

WARNING: Type 18 coupling must not be used as a load bearing joint.

Straight Coupling

Designed to form an in-line joint between two pieces of tube of the same size. The Type 14 Straight Coupling creates a join on the outside of the tube and is stronger than internal couplings.

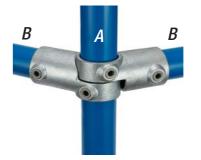


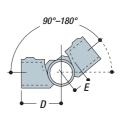


TYPE	Tube ref.	in. D	lb.
14-4	4	2.28	0.31
14-5	5	3.03	0.60
14-6	6	3.50	0.86
14-7	7	4.01	1.15
14-8	8	4.09	1.41
14-9	9	4.88	2.38

19 **Adjustable Side Outlet Tee**

Used in pairs to form variable angle joints between 90° and 180°. Type 19-8T can produce an angle range between 60° and 180°.





TYPE	Tube ref.		ir	lb.	
TIPE					ID.
19-5	5	5	2.36	1.22	0.44
19-6	6	6	2.28	1.30	0.64
19-7	7	7	2.87	1.57	0.90
19-8	8	8	3.54	2.17	1.17
19-85	8	8	2.87	1.77	1.43
19-8T	8	8	-	-	-
19-9	9	9	4.33	1.93	2.18

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0.97

1.30

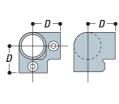
Kee Lite aluminium version available

20

Side Outlet Elbow

This component creates a 90° corner joint for three pieces of tube. Most frequently used for the top-rail of safety railing, it can also be considered for the corner joint of benches, work tables, and other rectangular structures.



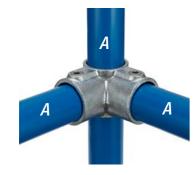


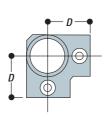
TYPE	Tube ref.	mm D	Kg
20-4	4	34	0.26
20-5	5	41	0.38
20-6	6	46	0.48
20-7	7	60	0.70
20-8	8	68	0.99
20-9	9	84	1.82

21

Side Outlet Tee (90°)

Most frequently paired with Type 20 to give a 90° corner joint for the middle rail of safety railing and other rectangular structures. The upright passes through the component.





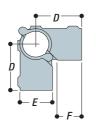
TYPE	Tube ref.	mm D	Kg
21-4	4	34	0.14
21-5	5	41	0.28
21-6	6	46	0.41
21-7	7	60	0.55
21-8	8	68	0.73
21-9	9	85	1.36
21 3]	00	1.00

A21/A26

Split Two socket Cross/ Side Outlet Tee (90°)

This component performs the same function as either Type 21 or Type 26. Because of its hinge and pin system, it can be added to an existing tubular assembly. Type A21/A26 components are supplied and priced as a kit that includes two castings and two taper pins, which can be assembled in either configuration.



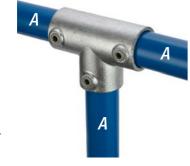


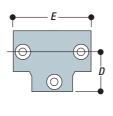
TYPE	Tube ref.		mm		Ka
HIFE					кy
A21/A26-8	8	88	60	55	1.17

25

Three Socket Tee

The Three Socket Tee will join three tubes together in a 90° perpendicular joint. The two set screws in the sleeve will allow two tubes to be coupled together. This components is most commonly used between the top-rail and an intermediate upright on safety railing.



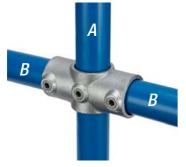


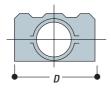
TYPE	Tube ref.	ube ref. mm		Va
TIPE				Kg
25-4	4	34	67	0.18
25-5	5	41	82	0.37
25-6	6	46	92	0.49
25-7	7	60	120	0.85
25-8	8	68	136	0.98
25-9	9	84	168	1.57

26

Two Socket Cross

Usually paired with Type 25 to give a 90° joint between the middle rail and an intermediate upright on safety railing. The upright passes through the component.



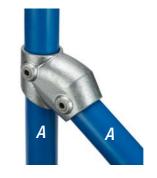


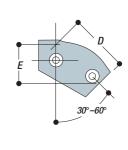
TYPE	Tube	ref.	mm	Kg
	Α	В	D	кy
26-4	4	4	68	0.13
26-5	5	5	81	0.27
26-6	6	6	92	0.40
26-7	7	7	120	0.65
26-8	8	8	136	0.71
26-87	8	7	126	0.67
26-9	9	9	172	1.46

29

Single Socket Tee (30°–60°)

Designed as an alternative to Type 12, this adjustable component is most frequently used for bracing and struts. It may be used at any angle between 3 0° and 60°. See diagram on page 59.



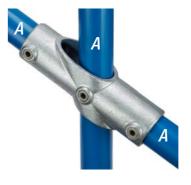


TYPE	Tube ref.	m	ım	Kg
TIFE	Α	D		ry
29-6	6	73	64	0.44
29-7	7	89	74	0.63
29-8	8	102	68	0.71
	•			

30

Adjustable Cross (30°–45°)

This adjustable component can be used for railing on staircases between the mid-rail and an intermediate upright which is required to remain vertical. It may be used at any selected angle between 30° and 45°.



31

Pallet Flange

This component has been designed for the construction of post pallets. Incorporates sockets for the upright and side tubes, and a locating bell for stacking pallets. (Special order only.)



•	— <i>D</i> →
•	
E	

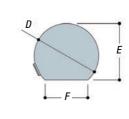
TYPE	Tube ref.		mm		Va	
ITPE					Kg	
31-8	8	76	127	115	1.80	

32

Decorative Ball

Our Decorative Ball cap is an aesthetic component suitable for handrails used for pedestrian traffic and municipal areas. The component also serves a functional purpose in discouraging skateboarders and other pedestrian traffic from sliding across a railing.





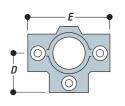
TYPE	Tube ref.		mm		Va
ITPE					Kg
32-7	6	70	60	49	0.67
32-8	7	80	70	53	1

35

Three Socket Cross

Most frequently used to connect uprights with horizontal tubes in three directions, all at 90° to the upright. The upright passes through the component.



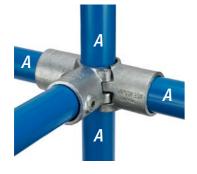


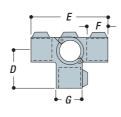
TYPE	Tube ref.	m	Kg	
HILE				кy
35-4	4	34	67	0.20
35-5	5	41	82	0.35
35-6	6	46	92	0.45
35-7	7	60	120	0.77
35-8	8	68	136	0.93
35-9	9	85	170	1.68
35-9	9	85	170	1.68

A35

Split Three Socket Cross

The hinge and pin system of this component enables existing structures to be easily extended without the need for dismantling. This component has been designed to connect an upright with horizontal tubes in three directions, all at 90° to the upright. The upright passes through the component.



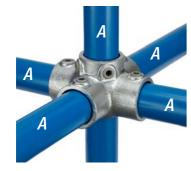


TYPE	Tube ref.		m	m		Va
TYPE						Ny
A35-8	8	88	176	55	60	1.57

40

Four Socket Cross

Most frequently used in multiple upright structures to tie a centre upright with horizontal tubes in four directions. The upright passes through the component.





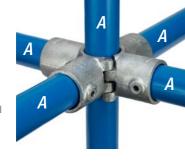


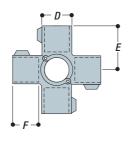
TYPE	Tube ret.	m	Va	
IIFE	Α	D		Kg
40-4	4	34	67	0.27
40-5	5	32	82	0.40
40-6	6	37	92	1.01
40-7	7	43	120	1.29
40-8	8	53	136	1.90
40-9	9	62	168	2.04

A40

Split Four Socket Cross

The hinge and pin system of this component enables existing structures to be easily extended without the need for dismantling. This component is most frequently used in multiple upright structures to tie a centre upright with horizontal tubes in four directions. The upright passes through the component.



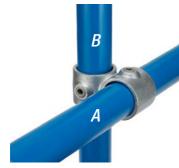


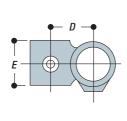
TVDE	Tube ref.		mm		V-
TYPE					Kg
A40-8	8	60	88	55	1.82

45

Crossover

Designed to create a 90° crossover joint. Frequently used to minimise tube cuts and create a continuous horizontal for safety railing. It may also be used to create intermediate levels on racks, when horizontal connections between uprights are not required.





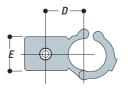
TYPE	Tube rei.			Va	
IIPE					Kg
45-3	3	3	21	25	0.07
45-4	4	4	25	28	0.15
45-5	5	5	34	31	0.20
45-6	6	6	40	38	0.34
45-65	6	5	36	41	0.29
45-7	7	7	55	46	0.48
45-76	7	6	45	46	0.45
45-8	8	8	55	50	0.59
45-86	8	6	48	51	0.45
45-87	8	7	51	51	0.55
45-9	9	9	67	61	0.91
45-98	9	8	60	75	1.09

A45

Split Crossover

The unique hinge and pin system of this component enables existing structures to be easily extended without the need for dismantling. This component is designed to give a 90° offset crossover joint. Tube should not be joined within the component. Type A45 function is comparable to Type 45 component.



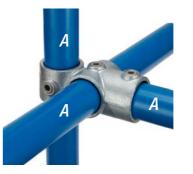


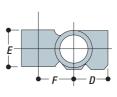
TYPE	Tube ref.	m	m	Kg
				I Ng
A45-7	7	49	46	0.65
A45-8	8	55	50	0.79

46

Combination Socket Tee and Crossover

Used on racking to join horizontal carrying rails to the upright, leaving the socket to take a horizontal tie across the section. For shelved racking it is usual to have the horizontal tube outside the upright. On pallet racking it is preferable to have the carrying rails inside the upright.





TYPE	Tube ref.	mm			Va
IIFE					Kg
46-4	4	34	28	25	0.15
46-5	5	41	31	34	0.30
46-6	6	46	38	40	0.49
46-7	7	60	46	49	0.69
46-8	8	68	51	55	0.91
46-9	9	85	61	67	1.37

Swivel Components

Types F50, M50, MH50, M51, MH51, M52, M53 and M58 are known as swivel components and can be assembled as Types C50, CH50, C51, C52, C53 and C58, or supplied as separate items. They are frequently used for bracing but can also overcome problems where joints are required at angles other than those achieved by fixed angle components. For economical use of tubing, when making 'C' components, or combination components, Types F50 (sizes 5 to 9 only) can be combined with different sizes of Types M50, MH50, M51, MH51, M52, M53 and M58. F50-4 and M50-4 will only combine with each other.



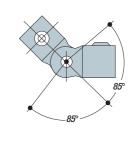
WARNING: An entire structure should not be constructed from swivel components, as they would not provide sufficient stability or rigidity in the structure. Types M50, MH50, M51, M52, M53 and M58 can also be used separately to secure various types of in-fill panel. These components are not designed to take bending moments

C50

Single Swivel Socket

This complete combination component creates a range of 170°. See Types F50 and M50 for individual component specifications. See the 'Swivel Components' box for more information.





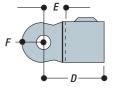
TYPE	Tub	Kg	
III			, ny
C50-44	4	4	0.15
C50-55	5	5	0.56
C50-66	6	6	0.64
C50-77	7	7	0.80
C50-88	8	8	0.91
C50-99	9	9	1.22

F50

Female Single Swivel Socket Member

One part of combination component C50. The Type F50 in size 4 has only one ear, while Type F50 in sizes 5 to 9 has two ears.





TYPE	Tube ref.		V-a				
HIFE						Kg	
F50-4	4	38	14	11	6.5	0.07	
F50-5	5	60	25	19	10	0.28	
F50-6	6	60	21	19	10	0.34	
F50-7	7	68	21	19	10	0.42	
F50-8	8	76	25	19	10	0.52	
F50-9	9	83	21	19	10	0.65	
Ø indicates the diameter of the fixing hole.							

Type M50-4.

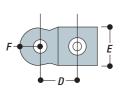
Note: Type F50-4 will only mate with a

M50

Male Single Swivel Socket Member

One part of combination component C50. This can also be used for attaching flat panels to tubular structures.





Tube ref.		Ka			
					Kg
4	28	20	11	6.5	0.06
5	40	38	19	10	0.24
6	43	38	19	10	0.27
7	48	38	19	10	0.36
8	54	47	19	10	0.36
9	62	45	19	10	0.54
	A 4 5 6 7 8	A D 4 28 5 40 6 43 7 48 8 54	A D E 4 28 20 5 40 38 6 43 38 7 48 38 8 54 47	A D E F 4 28 20 11 5 40 38 19 6 43 38 19 7 48 38 19 8 54 47 19	A D E F 0 4 28 20 11 6.5 5 40 38 19 10 6 43 38 19 10 7 48 38 19 10 8 54 47 19 10

Ø indicates the diameter of the fixing hole.

Note: Type M50-4 will only mate with a

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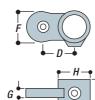


MH50

Male Single Horizontal Swivel Socket Member

This component can be used for attaching flat panels to tubular structures. Specially designed for retail shelving applications. Can also be used as part of a Type CH50 combination component.





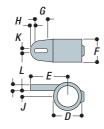
TYPE	Tube ref.			m	m			Va
								Νý
MH50-6	6	43	38	38	11	46	10	0.3
Ø indicat	es the diam	eter of	the fix	ing hol	e.			

P50

Single Offset Panel Tab

Designed for the securing of various types of panels and flooring to tube structures (i.e. plywood, plastic sheeting, wood planking, etc.). This component has one offset flange to allow the flush attachment of panels to tube. Often used with Type P51. See also Type P57.



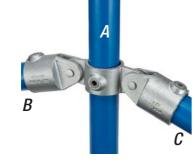


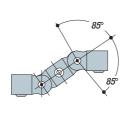
TVDE	Tube ref.				m	m				Va
IIIFE								K		кy
P50-8	8	61	80	47	32	8	10	11	13	0.48

C51

Double Swivel Socket

This complete combination component creates a range of 170° on both sides of the upright. Type C51 is made by combining two Type F50 components and one Type M51. For dimensions refer to Type F50 and Type M51. See the 'Swivel Components' box for more information.





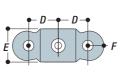
TYPE		Tube ref.				
IIIL				Kg		
C51-555	5	5	5	0.87		
C51-666	6	6	6	1.11		
C51-777	7	7	7	1.35		
C51-888	8	8	8	1.57		
C51-999	9	9	9	2.06		

M51

Male Double Swivel Socket Member

One part of a Type C51 combination component. This component can also be used for attaching flat panels to tubular structures.





TYPE	Tube ref.		Kg			
HIFL						Ny
M51-5	5	40	38	19	10	0.33
M51-6	6	43	38	19	10	0.38
M51-7	7	48	45	19	10	0.46
M51-8	8	54	45	19	10	0.48
M51-9	9	62	52	19	10	0.71

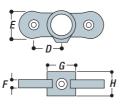
 $\boldsymbol{\emptyset}$ indicates the diameter of the fixing hole

MH51

Male Double Horizontal Swivel Socket Member

This component can be used for attaching flat panels to tubular structures. Specially designed for retail shelving applications, the MH51 can be used as part of a CH51 combination component.





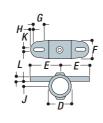
TYPE	Tube ref.				m			Va
TIPE								кy
MH51-6	6	43	38	11	46	38	10	0.44
Ø indicates the diameter of the fixing hole.								

P51

Double Offset Panel Tab

Designed for the secure component of various types of panels and flooring to tube structures (i.e. plywood, plastic sheeting, wood planking, etc.) This component has two offset flanges to allow the flush attachment of panels to tube.



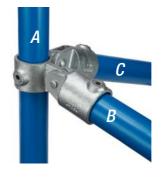


TVDE	Tube ref.				m	m				V.a.
TTPE	Tube ref. A							K		ĸy
P51-8	8	61	81	47	32	8	10	11	13	0.59

C52

Corner Swivel Socket

Complete combination component. Reducing combinations of Type C52 are available sizes 5 to 8. For dimensions refer to Type F50 and Type M52. See the 'Swivel Components' box for more information.





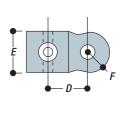
TYPE		Tube ref.	Kg	
IIFE				, Ky
C52-555	5	5	5	0.97
C52-666	6	6	6	1.12
C52-777	7	7	7	1.34
C52-888	8	8	8	1.55

M52

Male Corner Swivel Socket Member

One part of a Type C52 combination component. This can also be used for attaching flat panels to tubular structures.





TYPE	Tube ref.		m	m		Kg
HIFL						кy
M52-5	5	40	38	19	10	0.37
M52-6	6	43	38	19	10	0.39
M52-7	7	50	45	19	10	0.45
M52-8	8	54	47	19	10	0.46

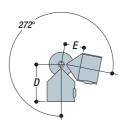
 $\boldsymbol{\emptyset}$ indicates the diameter of the fixing hole

BC53

Swivel Elbow

Type BC53 component has been designed as a variable angle in-line connection, adjustable through 272°.





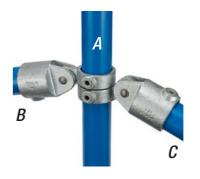
TYPE	Tube ref.	m	m	Va
TIPE				Kg
BC53-66	6	60	33	0.51
BC53-77	7	73	36	0.81
BC53-88	8	83	45	1.14

warning: An entire structure should not be constructed from Type BC53-88 or any other swivel component, as these would not provide sufficient stability or rigidity in the structure due to the free rotation of the component

C53

Adjustable Three Way Swivel Socket

Complete combination component. Type C53 is made by combining two Type M53 and two Type F50 components. For dimensions refer to Type F50 and type M53. See the 'Swivel Components' box for more information.





TYPE	Tube ref.		mm		Va.
IIIFL				Ø	кy
C53-888	8	8	8	10.5	1.54

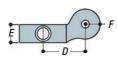
 \emptyset indicates the diameter of the fixing hole

M53

Variable Angle Double Swivel Socket Member

A part of a Type C53 combination component. Type C53 is made by combining two Type M53 and two Type F50 components.





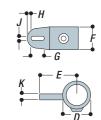
TVDE	Tube ref.		m	ım		Va
TIPE					Ø	кy
M53-8	8	54	23	19	10.5	0.25

P57

Single Panel Tab

Designed for the securing of various types of panels and flooring to tube structures (i.e. plywood, plastic sheeting, wood planking, etc.). This component has a single offset flange to allow for the attachment of panels to tube. See Type P50.





TVDE	Tube ref. A				mm				Va
P57-8	8	61	77.5	32	22.5	9	10	11	0.3

55

Obtuse Angle Elbow

The Type 55 is an ideal component to use as an alternative to bending, or when a junction between a sloping tube and an end post is required, i.e. guardrail and staircases. (Refer to page 59 for more information.)







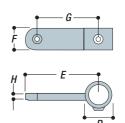
TYPE	Tube ref.	mm		Kg
IIFL				кy
55-6	6	46	116	0.51
55-7	7	55	154	0.81
55-8	8	60	153	0.85

P57E

Single Extended Panel Tab

This component is similar to the P57-8 but has an elongated offset flange with a fixing hole rather than a slot.





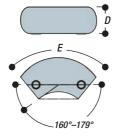
	Tube ref.			m				Va
								кy
57E-7	7	55	103	32	86	11	6	0.37
Ø indicates the diameter of the fixing hole								

55A

Variable Elbow (11°-30°)

The Type 55A is an ideal component to use as an alternative to bending or when a junction between a sloping tube and an end post is required.





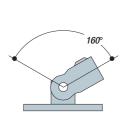
Tube ref.	m	ım	Va
			кy
7	55	115	1.00
8	60	150	1.28
	7 8	A D 7 55	A D E 7 55 115

C58

Swivel Flange

A swivel component for attachment of angled tubing to a flat surface. For dimensions refer to Type F50 and Type M58.





ТҮРЕ	Tube ref. A	Kg
C58-5	5	0.70
C58-6	6	0.76
C58-7	7	0.84
C58-8	8	0.94
C58-9	9	0.98

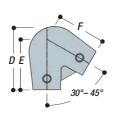
WARNING: C58 is not recommended for use as a base flange to support guardrail, balustrades or other types of structure.



Acute Angle Elbow (30°-45°)

Type 56 is an ideal component to use as an alternative to bending, or when a junction between a sloping tube and an end post is required, i.e. guardrail and staircases. (Refer to page 59 for more information.)





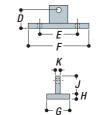
TYPE	Tube ref.		mm		Va
IIFE					Kg
56-7	7	105	99	99	0.98
56-8	8	134	112	112	1.29

M58

Swivel Flange Plate

This component may be considered for various wall and brace fixings. It is often combined with Type F50 to give an adjustable angle component Type C58. The diameter of the attachment bolt hole is 10mm.





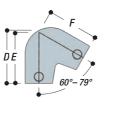
TVDE				m					Ka.
TYPE							K		кy
M58	35	84	112	51	6	45	9	11	0.37
Ø indicates the diameter of the fixing hole.									

56A

Acute Angle Elbow (11°-30°)

Type 56A is an ideal component to use as an alternative to bending, or when a junction between a sloping tube and an end post is required i.e. guardrail on staircases between 11° and 30°.





TYPE	Tube ref.		Kq		
IIIFE					кy
56A-7	7	120	108	108	0.94
56A-8	8	125	112	112	1.12

P58

Double Extended Panel Tab

This component is designed for securing various types of panels and flooring to tubular structures. It has central flanges with fixing holes.



$F \bigcirc G \bigcirc G \bigcirc F$
$H \models \begin{matrix} E & E \\ \hline D \end{matrix} \downarrow H$

TYPE	Tube ref.			m	m			Va	
								Ny	
P58-7	7	55	103	32	86	11	6	0.56	
Ø indicates the diameter of the fixing hole.									

67 57 22 14 0.88

Kee Lite aluminium version available

6 86 95 22 67 57 45 39 14 0.77

64-7 7 84 108 30 72 64 50 30 14 1.12

64-8 8 89 121 32 89 70 58 28 14 1.54

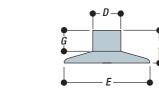
59

Spigot Flange

A spigot flange which fits inside the tube and is not secured by a socket screw. Type 59 can only be used with a tube wall thickness of 3.2 mm and in light, self supporting structures.



Note: No fixing holes are provided in



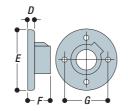
TYPE	Tube ref.		Kg			
ITPE						кy
59-5	5	18	81	28	18	0.33
59-6	6	24	87	32	22	0.40
59-7	7	32	98	35	25	0.60
59-8	8	38	103	41	30	0.85
59-9	9	49	110	48	36	1.00

60

Extra Heavy Flange

Heavy duty flange with wide base for spreading loads over a large surface area. Holes provided for countersunk flat head screw fixings only. For use on structures where the fixing required is positional only. Frequently used as a wall fixing bracket (refer to table on page 63).





TYPE	Tube ref.			mm			Kg
							кy
60-5	5	14	130	64	79	8	0.89
60-6	6	14	140	64	86	8	1.15
60-7	7	14	149	64	95	8	1.30
60-8	8	14	156	64	102	8	1.48

Ø indicates the diameter of the fixing hole.

WARNING: This component is not recommended for use as a base flange to support guardrail or balustrades (see Type 62).

TYPE	Tube ref.			Va			
TIPE							Kg
61-3	3	70	32	47	6	6.5	0.19
61-4	4	76	39	54	6	6.5	0.23
61-5	5	80	40	57	6	6.5	0.33
61-6	6	90	48	64	6	6.5	0.50
61-7	7	102	51	76	7	6.5	0.44
61-8	8	114	59	89	8	6.5	0.67
61-9	9	127	63	95	10	10	1.08

Ø indicates the diameter of the fixing hole.

WARNING: This component is not recommended for use as a base flange to support guardrail or balustrades (see Type 63).

61 **Flange**

screw fixings only.

Frequently used as a wall fixing bracket (refer to table on page 63). Used on structures where the fixing required is positional only. Holes provided for countersunk flathead

Standard Railing Flange

Ideal when a structural fixing is required

for guard rail and balustrades. The holes

proper fixing with either a mechanical or

chemical anchor. The two set screws in

the vertical socket give greater side-load

stability to the upright. It is recommended

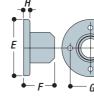
that the fixing holes in the flange should

be in line with the applied load (refer to

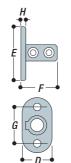
table on page 63).

are of sufficient diameter to ensure







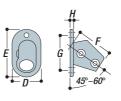


TYPE	Tube ref.	mm								
								Kg		
62-5	5	64	116	76	76	8	11	0.59		
62-6	6	76	128	89	89	8	14	0.73		
62-7	7	75	140	89	102	10	14	0.97		
62-8	8	85	155	89	115	10	14	1.12		
62-9	9	102	165	127	127	10	18	1.76		
Ø indic:	tae tha d	iamete	r of the	fiving	holo					

63 **Angle Base Flange** $(45^{\circ}-60^{\circ})$ Similar to Type 62, but used to set up the

upright at an angle between 45° to 60°. This component should only be subjected to light loads which cannot be positioned at 90° to the applied load. For greater loads or other tube sizes, a Type 62 flange is used and the upright bent to the required angle (refer to table on page 63).





TYPE	Tube ref.		mm						
IIIFE								Kg	
63-6	6	76	127	92	95	8	14	0.91	
63-7	7	76	138	95	106	10	14	1.17	
63-8	8	89	155	100	115	10	14	1.53	
Ø indica	tes the dian	neter (of the 1	fixing h	nole.				

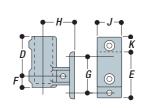
64

Standard Vertical Railing Flange

For fixing guardrail and balustrades to walls, parapets, steps, and ramps. The upright cannot drop through the socket. The max. length of top bolt (inc. the head) must not exceed 25mm, also applies to projecting fixed studs (refer to table on page 63).



Note: Should an upright be required to pass through the component, the base can be bored out to order



*Refer to table on page 63.

Ø indicates the diameter of the fixing hole.

65

Standard Horizontal Railing Flange

This component is designed for palm fixing guardrailing and balustrading to walls, parapets, steps and ramps. The upright cannot drop through the socket (refer to table on page 63).



Note: Should an upright be required to pass through

← H ← G ←							
	TYF)E	Tube ref.				mm
		٦					
	65-	6	6	83	96	22	67
F - 6 - 6 - 6 - 6 - 6 - 6 - 6 - 6 - 6 -	Ø ind	lic	ates the d	amete	er of th	ne fixi	ng hole.

the component, the base can be bored out to order.

66

Ground Socket

A ground socket component for setting in concrete. The posts may either be permanent or removable as required. It incorporates a socket set screw fixing and can be supplied with a plug to fill the hole when the tube is removed (refer to table on page 63).



-	D	
F		
	4: :-	E G
		[
	4:	

TYPE	Tube ref.		Ka.				
IIFE						Kg	
66-6	6	127	122	10	115	1.87	
66-7	7	140	135	10	127	1.44	
66-8	8	140	135	10	127	1.43	

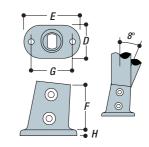
67

Angle Flange

Type 67 has been designed to allow the upright to pivot in the barrel, providing an angular displacement from 3° up to a maximum of 11°, measured from the vertical. Ideal to secure balustrade and guardrail systems on access ramps or other types of slopes (refer to table on page 63).



Note: It is generally recommended that, when installing the 67-8, the fixing holes in the base should be in line with the applied load.



TVDE	Tube ref.		mm						
ITFE								кy	
67-7	7	83	140	79	102	10	14	1.13	
67-8	8	96	155	80	115	10	14	1.30	

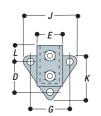
Ø indicates the diameter of the fixing hole

68

Wall Flange

Side fixing for guardrailing and balustrading to walls, parapets, steps and ramps. The upright cannot drop through the socket (refer to table on page 63).





K	H-•	 F
•	Н.•	

TYPE	Tube ref.									Va	
ITFE								К			Kg
68-6	6	63	45	77	71	24	96	88	25	11	0.62
68-7	7	72	55	83	83	28	108	97	25	11	0.80
68-8	8	78	60	89	86	31	111	103	25	11	0.87
Ø indicates the diameter of the fixing hole.											

Note: If the upright is required to pass through the component by machining out the base stop, the

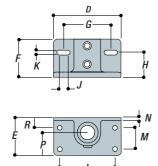
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69

Railing Flange with Toeboard Adaptor

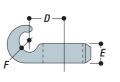
For guardrail and balustrade applications with added toeboard at base. Base plate holes have sufficient diameter to allow for attachment with either a mechanical or chemical anchor. Side plates have slotted holes to allow for a degree of sideways movement for ease of installation (refer to table on page 54).





TYPE	Tube ref.				mm				V.
ITPE	Α	D	Ε	F	G	Н	J	K	Kg
		130	75	89	95	58	15	10	
69-6	6		М	N	Р	R	Ø		1.62
		100	35	7	45	25	11		
		145	80	90	97	58	20	10	
69-7	7		М	N			Ø		1.87
		115	40	7	47	25	11		
		D	Ε	F	G	Н	J	K	
		160	90	90	112	58	20	10	
69-8	8		M	N	Р	R	Ø		2.30
		130	50	7	54	25	11		
Ø indicat	Ø indicates the diameter of the fixing hole.								

A



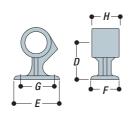
Tube ref.	mm		Kg	
				кy
5	28	25	28	0.17
6	35	25	13	0.21
7	40	25	40	0.23
8	41	25	13	0.24
	5 6 7	5 28 6 35 7 40	5 28 25 6 35 25 7 40 25	5 28 25 28 6 35 25 13 7 40 25 40

70

Rail Support

Designed to carry handrails along walls or to fix structures back to walls. The tube passes through the component and cannot be used as a couploing. The Type 70 is also used to attach toeboards to the base of guardrail uprights. Holes provided for countersunk flat head screw fixings only.





Tube ref.			m	m			Kq
							ity
5	54	76	46	57	30	8	0.36
6	57	82	44	63	30	8	0.46
7	63	102	44	76	34	8	0.57
8	67	108	48	85	34	8	0.62
	<i>A</i> 5 6 7	5 54 6 57 7 63	A D E 5 54 76 6 57 82 7 63 102	A D E F 5 54 76 46 6 57 82 44 7 63 102 44	A D E F G 5 54 76 46 57 6 57 82 44 63 7 63 102 44 76	A D E F G H 5 54 76 46 57 30 6 57 82 44 63 30 7 63 102 44 76 34	A D E F G H Ø 5 54 76 46 57 30 8 6 57 82 44 63 30 8 7 63 102 44 76 34 8

 \emptyset indicates the diameter of the fixing hole.

WARNING: Type 70 components are not designed to be used as base flanges for full height guardrails or handrails.



76

Hook

Plastic Plug

A grey plastic plug to fit open ended tubes. Suitable for medium and heavy tubing only. For an alternative in metal, see Type 84.

A component normally used for attachment of chains.



ТҮРЕ	Tube ref. A	Kg
77-4	4	0.001
77-5	5	0.008
77-6	6	0.010
77-7	7	0.010
77-8	8	0.016
77-9	9	0.024

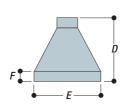
71

Weather Cap

Designed for roof guardrailing to ensure a weathertight seal for base flanges. The weather cap is secured to the upright by means of a combined sealant adhesive.

A separate information sheet detailing fixing instructions is available on request.





TYPE	Tube ref. A	D	mm <i>E</i>	F	Kg
71-6	6	125	143	25	0.24
71-7	7	150	154	25	0.32
71-8	8	155	167	25	0.36

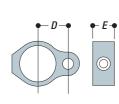
Ø indicates the diameter of the fixing hole

78

Eye Fitting

Used in conjunction with Type 83 component for gate hinges.





ТҮРЕ	Tube ref.	D	mm <i>E</i>	Ø	Kg
78-5	5	30	25	14	0.21
78-6	6	33	26	14	0.25
78-7	7	38	26	14	0.26
78-8	8	41	26	14	0.28

Ø indicates the diameter of the fixing hole.

72

Stair Tread Support

Suitable for most types of stair tread, including timber, open steel and checker plate. Fixing of the tread is by two bolt holes in each component.





TVDE	TYPE Tube ref.				mm				Va
IIIFE	Α								кy
72-8	8	203	39	51	153	20	33	12	1.25
(indicates the diameter of the fiving help									



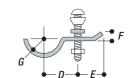
WARNING: If Type 72 components are to be used for a permanent application or subjected to high loads, the stair tread support tube which is located at its ends with a single set screw, should be drilled and pinned to avoid rotational slip.

79

Sheeting Clip

This component is used to attach profiled sheeting material to tube. The component is supplied with the following hardware: one M6 x 50mm roofing bolt, on M6 square nut, and one M6 lock washer. BZP finish.





TYPE	Tube ref.			mm			Ka
TYPE							кy
79-7	7	46	34	8	21	8	0.08

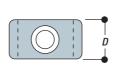
Ø indicates the diameter of the fixing hole.

75

Collar

Commonly used to support another component if the latter is required to be left untightened, such as gate hinges. Type 75 also provides additional support when the loading on a structure exceeds the maximum permitted slip load for a socket set screw.





TYPE	Tube Tell		Kg
IIIFL			кy
75-4	4	22	0.05
75-5	5	25	0.09
75-6	6	26	0.13
75-7	7	25	0.15
75-8	8	25	0.19

 $\boldsymbol{\emptyset}$ indicates the diameter of the fixing hole.

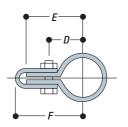
81

Single Sided Clip

For attaching wire mesh infill. For economy, it is possible to use Type 81 clips without the safety attachment to secure various types of infill panels (plyboard, perspex, etc.) up to a thickness of 10mm. All clips are supplied with hexagonal head fixing bolts, M6 x 35mm long and nut. The primary clip has a slot measuring 8 x 15mm.



Note: For D and E dimensions the figures are given for the respective minimum and max. dimensions allowed by the slotted hole.



TYPE	Tube ref.	ref. mm				Va
TIPE						Kg
81-5	5	24	39	56	7.5	0.07
81-6	6	27	42	59	7.5	0.08
81-7	7	32	47	64	7.5	0.08
81-8	8	34	49	66	7.5	0.09
81-9	9	40	55	72	7.5	0.10

Ø indicates the diameter of the fixing hole.

21

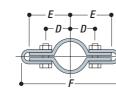
82

Double Sided Clip

For attaching wire mesh infill. For economy it is possible to use Type 82 clips without the safety attachment, to secure various types of infill panels (plyboard, perspex, etc.) up to a thickness of 10mm. All clips are supplied with hexagonal head fixing bolts, M6 x 35mm long, and nut. The primary clip has a slot measuring 8mm x 15mm.



Note: For D and E dimensions the figures are given for the respective minimum and max. dimensions allowed by the slotted hole.



TYPE	Tube ref.		m	Kg		
IIIFE						кy
82-5	5	24	39	112	7	0.11
82-6	6	27	42	118	7	0.12
82-7	7	32	47	128	7	0.13
82-8	8	34	49	132	7	0.14
82-9	9	40	55	144	7	0.14

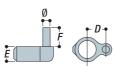
Ø indicates the diameter of the fixing hole.

83

Pin Fitting

This component is used in conjunction with Type 78 for gate hinges.





TYPE	Tube ref.		Ka.			
IIFE	Α		Ε		Ø	Kg
83-5	5	30	26	38	13	0.20
83-6	6	33	25	38	13	0.25
83-7	7	38	25	38	13	0.29
83-8	8	41	26	38	13	0.30

Ø indicates the diameter of the fixing hole.

84

Malleable Plug

A metal drive-in plug which is difficult to remove when installed. For an alternative in plastic, see Type 77.





TYPE	iude ret.	Kg
84-5	5	0.05
84-6	6	0.10
84-7	7	0.12
84-8	8	0.17
84-9	9	0.29

Note: This component can only be used with EN 10255 (ISO 65) medium weight tubing.

The Slope Range (86-89)

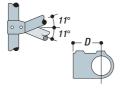
The slope range of components consists of component Types 67, 86, 87, 88, 89. These components are designed to facilitate in-line railings with vertical posts on slopes with angles between 0° and 11°. They can be used to construct railings on access ramps for people with disabilities when used in conjunction with the Kee Klamp access range (see page 58).

86

Angle Tee (0°–11°)

Used to join the middle rail to an upright on a guardrail on a slope from 0° to 11°.





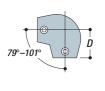
ТҮРЕ	Tube ref. A	mm D	Kg
86-7	7	60	0.55
86-8	8	68	0.63

37

Angle Elbow (0°–11°)

Used to join the top-rail to an end upright on a guardrail on a slope from 0° to 11°.





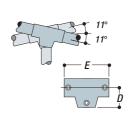
TYPE	Tube ref.	mm D	Kg
87-7	7	60	0.70
87-8	8	68	0.90

88

Three Socket Angle Tee (0°-11°)

Used to join the top-rail to an intermediate upright on a guardrail on a slope from 0° to 11°. As there are two socket set screws in the sleeve, this component can be used to join two tubes.



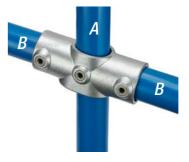


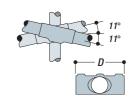
TYPE	Tube ref.	mm		Kg
IIFL				кy
88-7	7	60	144	1.02
88-8	8	68	158	1.24

89

Two Socket Angle Cross (0°–11°)

Used to join the middle rail to an intermediate upright on a guardrail on a slope from 0° to 11°. The upright passes through the component.





TYPE	Tub	e ref.	mm	Va
ITFE				Kg
89-7	7	7	144	0.70
89-8	8	8	158	0.85
89-87	8	7	155	0.76

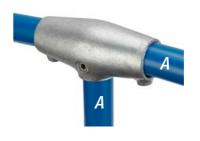
The PGR Range (90–95)

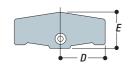
These are known as Pedestrian Guardrail (PGR) components and are used as an alternative to Types 10, 15, 25 and 26 when the site is not straight and level. There is sufficient play within the component to negotiate a slope up to 7 degrees or a radius greater than 6 metres, when the uprights are 2 metre centres, using straight tube. They also allow damaged rails to be removed without dismantling the adjacent structure. The 90 to 95 range of components is available in size 8.

90

PGR Three Socket Tee

Type 90 is used to join the top-rail to an intermediate upright.



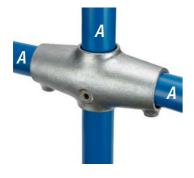


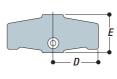
TYPE	Tube ref.	m	Ka	
ITPE	A			Ny
90-8	8	99	88	1.56

91

PGR Two Socket Cross

Type 91 is used to join the mid-rail to an intermediate upright.





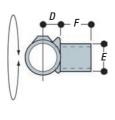
TYPE	Tube ref.	m	m	Ka
TYPE	A			кy
91-8	8	99	89	1.48

114

Swivel Tee

An internal swivel component, designed to accommodate varying angles on handrailing to staircases, ramps or bracing. Used in conjunction with Types 10, 15, 25 or 45.





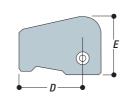
TYPE	Tube ref.		mm		Va
IIIFE					Kg
114-6	6	23	33	29	0.36
114-7	7	27	42	36	0.47
114-8	8	30	49	41	0.58

92

PGR Elbow

Type 92 is used to join the top-rail to an end post.





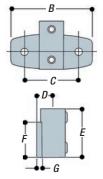
TYPE	Tube ref.	m	m	Ka
TTPE				ny
92-8	8	99	89	1.29

115

Horizontal Railing Flange

Type 115 is designed for palm fixing of guardrail and balustrades to walls, parapets, steps and ramps. The upright cannot drop through the socket. Packer plates, Type S115, are available to allow the component to be positioned in channels, slots and other offset areas.





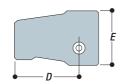
TYPE	Tube ref.			Kg					
111.12									кy
115-6	6	150	100	30	90	65	10	14	1.08
115-7	7	150	100	35	90	65	10	14	1.23
115-8	8	150	100	41	90	65	13	14	1.42
Ø indicat									'

93

PGR Tee

Type 93 is used to join the mid-rail to an end post.





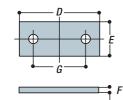
T					
	TYPE	Tube ref.	m	m	Ka
E	*****				ity
	93-8	8	99	89	1.20

S115

Packer Plate for Type 115

Type S115 allows the Type 115 component to be positioned in channels, slots and other offset areas.





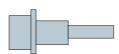
TVDE			mm			Va
TYPE						Kg
S115	150	65	12	100	14	0.87
Ø indicate						-

95

PGR Internal Spigot

Internal spigot designed to prevent sagging of bends when using the 90 to 95 range of components.





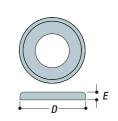
TYPE	Tube ref. A	Kg
95-8	8	0.46

118

Cover Flange

This component slips over uprights to finish below ground post installations. The component is secured to the upright tube with a single recessed set screw.





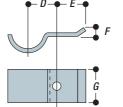
TYPE	Tube ref.	m	Ka	
TIPE	Α	D	Ε	I Ny
118-8	8	100	15	0.40

105

Sheeting Clip without Hardware

This clip is used to attach profiled or flat sheeting. It is supplied with fixings.





TYPE	Tube ref.			mm			Va
HIFE	Α						Kg
105-6	6	32	38	13	50	9	0.14
105-7	7	38	40	13	50	9	0.16
105-8	8	40	40	13	50	9	0.18
105-9	9	48	40	13	50	9	0.23

Ø indicates the diameter of the fixing hole. Note: For use where fixing required is

positional only. Clip is not intended to bear substantial load.

121

Corner Crossover

This component is designed to provide a 90° offset corner joint. This components is typically used with the Type 45 and Type 145 crossover components to built and offset railing.



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|--|

TVDE	Tube ref.			mm			Ka
ITFE	А	D			G		Kg
121-7	7	55	72	49	22	28	0.92

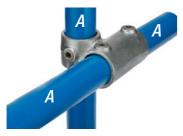
Note: To obtain the true height of the upright the allowance for the base components must

145

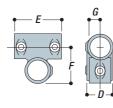
Crossover Coupling

Designed to give a 90° offset crossover. With two socket set screws in the sleeve, this Kee Klamp component can be used where a join is required in the horizontal

For economy, it is possible to use a Type 45 in place of the 145, using the 145 only where a join in the tube occurs.



Note: To obtain the true height of the upright the allowance for the base components must be included.



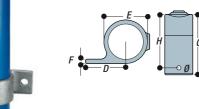
TVDE	Tube ref.		m	m		Va
IIIFE						Ny
145-7	7	55	72	49	22	0.92

199

Single Offset Fixing Bracket

The Type 199 is used as an attachment point for flat sheets or boards and comes supplied with a drilled hole.





TVDE	Tube ref.				mm			Ka.
III								Kg
199-6	6	45	73	5	60.5	25	8.5	0.27
199-7	7	53	80.5	6	53	40	6	0.36
199-8	8	56	86.5	6	56	40	6	0.36
(A indicate	no tha diar	motor	of the fi	vina k	olo			

Ø indicates the diameter of the fixing hole

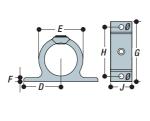
Ø indicates the diameter of the fixing hole

200

Double Offset Fixing Bracket

The Type 200 is used as an attachment point for flat sheets or boards and comes supplied with a drilled hole.





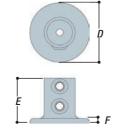
TYPE	Tube ref.				m	m			Va
IIFE									Kg
200-6	6	45	45	5	90	70	25	6.5	0.18
200-7	7	53	55	6	106	86	40	11.5	0.38
200-8	8	56	66.7	6	112	92	40	11.5	0.59

262

Round Base Flange

The Round Base Flange features a single fixing hole. The hole is hidden to create a more aesthetic look. The two set screws in the vertical socket give greater upright stability.





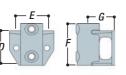
TYPE	Tube ref.		m	m		V-	
ITPE						ĸy	
262-8	8	116	89	10	14	0.96	
Ø indicates the diameter of the fixing hole.							

265

Offset All Wall Flange

Side fixing for guardrail and balustrades to walls, parapets, steps and ramps. Upright cannot drop through the socket. Designed for installations of rail that are offset from which it is being fixed.





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TYPE	Tube ref. mm					Va	
HIFL							Kg
265-7	7	86	76	104	66	14	1.35
265-8	8	86	94	119	74	14	1.56

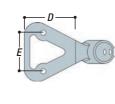
Ø indicates the diameter of the fixing hole.

316

Parapet Flange

Designed to retrofit onto roof parapets that are at an unsafe height. Upright tube is angled 25 degrees from the vertical so that the building's visage is unaffected by the installed guardrailing. Two holes are located in the top mounting bracket for fixing directly into the parapet. The two set screws in the vertical socket give greater side-load stability to the angled upright. Engineered weep hole allows water to drain.





TYPE	Tube ref.		mm		Kg
IIFE					кy
316-7	7	170	100	14	1.88
316-8	8	170	100	14	2.05

Ø indicates the diameter of the fixing hole.

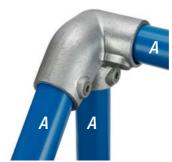
The Slope Range (320-427)

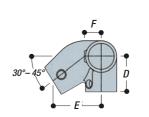
This slope range of components is designed specifically for use on steeper gradients and consists of component Types 320, 321, 325, 326, 427. These components are designed to facilitate in-line railings with vertical posts where the slope is greater than 30°.

320LH

Left hand level to **Sloping Down Side** Outlet Elbow (30°-45°)

Left Hand Side Outlet Elbow component designed for the top-rail on guardrail on slopes and staircases between 30° and 45° at the junction where the handrail changes from level to sloping down the stairs.





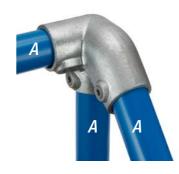
TYPE	Tube ref.		Va		
ITPE					Kg
320LH-7	7	86	60	29	1.08
320LH-8	8	93	68	32	1.28

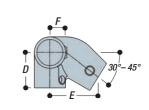
Note: handing perspective for Kee Klamp is looking DOWN the staircase.

320RH

Right hand level to **Sloping Down Side** Outlet Elbow (30°-45°)

Right Hand Side Outlet Elbow component designed for the top-rail on guardrail on slopes and staircases between 30° and 45° at the junction where the handrail changes from level to sloping down the stairs.





TYPE	Tube ref.		mm		Va
IIIL					Kg
320RH-7	7	86	60	29	1.08
320RH-8	8	93	68	32	1.28

Note: handing perspective for Kee Klamp is looking DOWN the staircase.

321LH

Left hand level to **Sloping Down Side** Outlet Tee (30°-45°)

Left Hand Side Outlet Tee component designed for the mid-rail on guardrail on slopes and staircases between 30° and 45° at the junction where the handrail changes from level to sloping down the stairs.



•
30°-45°

TYPE	Tube ref.		mm		Va
ITPE					Kg
321LH-7	7	86	27	29	0.96
321LH-8	8	92	30	32	1.12

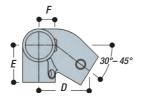
Note: handing perspective for Kee Klamp is looking DOWN the staircase.

321RH

Right hand level to **Sloping Down Side** Outlet Tee (30°-45°)

Right Hand Side Outlet Tee component designed for the mid-rail on guardrail on slopes and stair-cases between 30° and 45° at the junction where the handrail changes from level to slo-ping down the stairs.





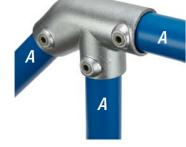
	TYPE	Tube ref.		mm		Va
	IIFE					кy
32	21RH-7	7	86	27	29	0.96
32	21RH-8	8	92	30	32	1.12

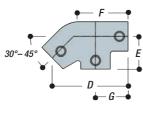
Note: handing perspective for Kee Klamp is looking DOWN the staircase.

325

Level to Sloping Down Tee (30°-45°)

Tee component designed for the top-rail on guardrail on slopes and staircases between 30° and 45° at the junction where the handrail changes from level to sloping down the stairs.



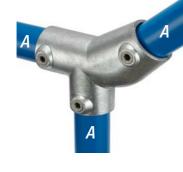


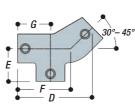
TYPE	Tube ref.		m	ım		Va
ITPE						Kg
325-7	7	142	60	89	60	1.02
325-8	8	154	68	100	68	1.12

325A

Level to Sloping Up Tee (30°-45°)

Tee component designed for the top-rail on guardrail on slopes and staircases between 30° and 45° at the junction where the handrail changes from level to sloping up the stairs.





TYPE	Tube ref.	D	Kg			
	- "		Ε	_ '	G	
325A-7	7	142	60	89	60	1.02
325A-8	8	155	68	100	68	1.12

326

Level to Sloping Down or Up Cross (30°-45°)

Level to Sloping Down or Up Cross (30° -45°) Cross component designed for the mid-rail on guardrail on slopes and staircases between 30° and 45° at the junction where the handrail changes from either level to sloping down or level to sloping up the stairs.



A	3

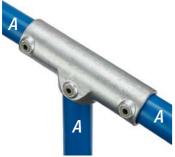
•	_	F —	_	_
30°-45°	C	-	0	E
	D	_ (G	_

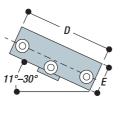
TYPE	Tube ref.		m	ım		Kg
IIPE						Ny
326-7	7	142	68	89	60	0.82
326-8	8	154	74	100	68	0.95

327

Three Socket Tee (11°-30°)

This component is used on safety railing with slopes between 11°-30° and fixes the top-rail to a vertical intermediate upright.



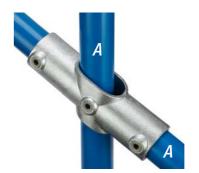


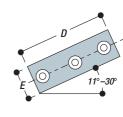
TYPE	Tube ref.	m	m	Va
TIPE				Kg
327-7	7	180	55	1.10
327-8	8	216	60	1.40

328

Two Socket Cross (11°-30°)

This components is used on safety railing with slopes between 11°-30° and fixes the mid-rail to a vertical intermediate upright.





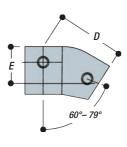
TYPE	Tube ref.	m	m	Kg
IIIL				r.y
328-7	7	180	55	1.07
328-8	8	216	60	1.20

329

Single Socket Tee (11°-30°)

Designed as an alternative to Type 12, this adjustable component is most frequently used for bracing and struts and for terminating the mid-rail on sloping guardrails into the end up-right. It may be used at any selected angle between 11° and 30°.





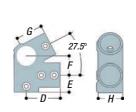
TVDE	Tube ref.	m	m	Va
TYPE				Kg
329-7	7	99	54	0.73
329-8	8	109	59	0.86

350

Eaves Fitting

The Type 350 component has been designed for small structural building applications and provides for significant load rating. When used with the Type 351 ridge component a truss arrangement for additional support can be achieved. Double set screws are provided on the truss outlet to provide additional pull out resistance to hold structures firmly together.





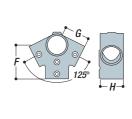
TYPE	Tube ref.			mm			Ka
TYPE							кy
350-8	8	83	42	47	67	60	1.24

351

Ridge Fitting

Designed for small structural building applications and provides for significant load rating. When used with the Type 350 eaves component a truss arrangement for additional support can be achieved. Double set screws are provided on the downward truss outlet to provide additional pull out resistance and extra strength to the structure.





TYPE	Tube ref.		mm		Ka
IIIFE	Α			Н	N.
351-8	8	89	67	60	0.92

363

Angle Base Flange (11°-30°)

Similar to a type 63, it is used to set the upright at an angle between 11°-30°. This component should only be subjected to light loads which cannot be positioned at 90° to the applied load. For greater loads or other tube sizes a Type 62 flange should be used with the upright bent to the required angle.







TYPE	Tube ref.			mm			Va
ITPE	Α		Ε			Ø	Kg
363-7	7	76	114	85	146	14	0.98
363-8	8	89	124	95	164	14	1.31
(A indicates the diameter of the fixing help							

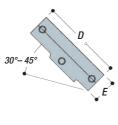
indicates the diameter of the fixing hole

427

Three Socket Tee (30°-45°)

This component is used on a safety railing with slopes between 30° and 45° and fixes the top-rail to a vertical intermediate upright.





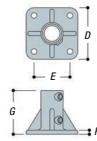
TYPE	Tube ref.	m	m	Ka
TIPE	Α	D	Ε	ny
427-7	7	180	55	0.95
427-8	8	216	60	1.22

623

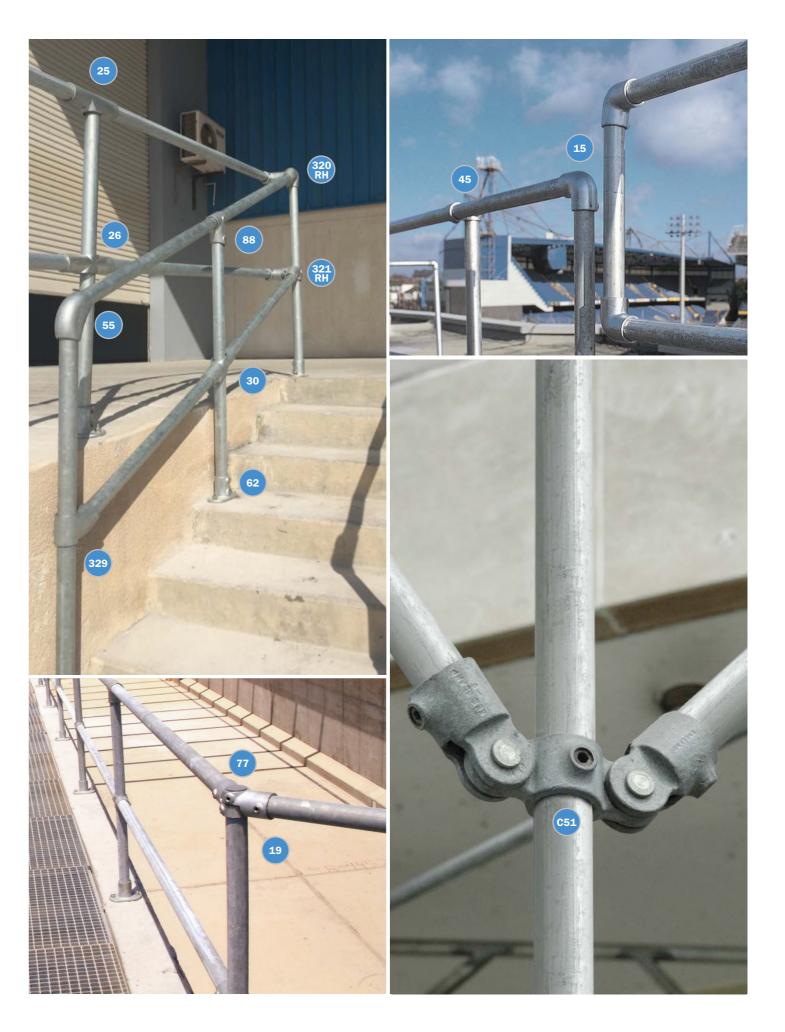
High Capacity Base Flange

A heavy duty base component for railings in areas that are prone to overcrowding, including stadiums, grandstands, theatres, cinemas, shopping malls and urban footpaths. It has been designed for railings that need to resist loadings of up to 3kN/m applied at the top-rail.





TYPE	Tube ref.		m	m		Va
ITPE						Ny
623-8	8	153	103	12	140	4.09
623-9	9	165	115	13	140	3.72



Kee Klamp[®]

Access Safety Components

The Kee Klamp access range of tubular components are designed specifically to meet the requirements of the Equality Act 2010, the Building Regulations Part M and British Standard BS 8300. The components provide a cost-effective solution for handrail installations on both new and refurbishment projects.

The Kee Klamp access range of components have been designed to create a smooth handrail with size 7 tube (outside diameter 42.4mm). All components can be powder coated in a choice of RAL colours to meet the visibility and 'not cold to the touch' requirements of the building regulations.



Component by Function

COUPLINGS HANDRAIL BRACKETS 514-7 Internal **518-7** Galvanised Inset 555-8 Top Fix Rail Assembly **ELBOWS** 561-7 515-7 90° Split 565-7 Wall Mounted Return End 90° Solid Galvanised Mounted 520-7 570-7 554-7 Variable Angle 575-7 Upright Mounted Handrail Joiner 565-7 Wall Mounted End Return 580-7 Wall Mounted Handrail End Post Handrail Return

Joiner

HANDRAIL SOCKETS

	10-840C	Single Handrail Capped
	10-848	Single Handrail
	A10-748	Add-on Single Handrail
l		(32mm)
I	A10-848	Add-on Split Single Handrail (38mm)
	26-840	Twin Handrail

26-840C Twin Handrail Capped

MISCELLANEOUS

84-848 Upright Top Cap508-7 Gap Washer

Basic Assembly

How these components work together to give you the most durable, flexible, and compliant railing system for disability access.

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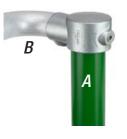
518.7

518.7

10-840C

Single Handrail Socket Capped

Capped 90° socket tee designed for use at the termination of an upright where a handrail socket needs to be joined at the top of a post.





TYPE	Tub	e ref.	m	m	Va
ITFE			D		кy
10-840C	8	stub	55	85	0.41

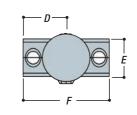


26-840C

Twin Handrail Socket Capped

Capped component for use at the termination of an upright to create two handrail sockets at 90° from the upright.





ТҮРЕ	Tube ref.			Ka.		
					F	Kg
26-840C	8	stub	55	48	110	0.50

10-848

Single Handrail Socket

A 'tee' component which has a hanrail socket. Typically used for attaching mid-rail supports to an upright. For upgrading size 7 and size 8 systems see A10-748 and





	TYPE	Tub	e ref.	m		Ka
١	IIIL					кy
	10-848	8	stub	55	85	0.38

84-848

Upright Top Cap

A metal drive-in plug which is difficult to remove when installed. The 84-848 is a cap for the open ends of size 8 uprights and covers the top of a 10-848 tee component.

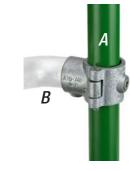


Note: This component can only be used with EN 10255 Medium Tube.

A10-748

Add-on Single Handrail Socket

The hinge and pin system of this socket tee enables existing structures to be easily modified without the need for dismantling. Hinges around existing size 7, or 32mm N.B. tube.





TYPE	Tube ref.		mm		Ka	
IIFE	Α		D		кy	
A10-748	7	stub	76	53	0.53	

508-7

Gap Washer (Optional)

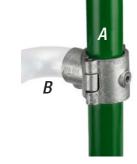
A rubber gasket for use with size 7 components. Comes only in black.

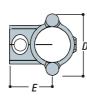


A10-848

Add-on Single Handrail Socket

The hinge and pin system of this socket tee enables existing structures to be easily modified without the need for dismantling. Hinges around existing size 8, or 40mm N.B. tube.





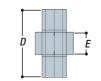
TYPE	Tub	e ref.	m	mm	
IIFE	Α		D		Ny
A10-848	8	stub	82	55	0.62

514-7

Internal Coupling

Designed especially for DDA railing, this internal coupling can be powder coated (unlike the Type 18 component). The inset hex screw and precise coupling design allows handrail to be smooth and continuous. The internal coupling is a necessary component when installing Type 520-7, Type 554-7, Type 565-7 and Type 567-7.



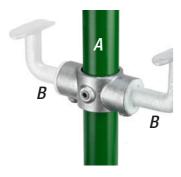


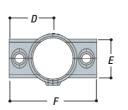
	TYPE	Tube ref.			Ka
					кy
	514-7	7	74	25	0.38

26-840

Twin Handrail Socket

Component slips over upright to create two handrail sockets at 90°.





TYPE	Tub	e ref.		mm		Va	
ITPE						Ny	
26-840	8	stub	55	48	110	0.44	

515-7

Split Elbow (90°)

This elbow consists of two separate pieces that are joined by a central screw. The component is positioned with the ends inside the adjoining handrails, and the outer grubscrews tightened. This forces the halves apart, gripping the inside of the tube. The central screw is then tightened, locking the component in place.



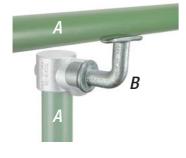


TYPE	Tube ref.	mı	n	Va
IIFE	А			кy
515-7	7	34	50	0.84

518-7

Handrail Bracket

An intermediate upright handrail support. This bracket is designed to be mounted into a socket component. The rail sits on the saddle and is secured by either Ø4.8mm x 15mm long aluminium multi-grip pop rivets or No. 10 x 20mm countersunk selftapping screws.





TYPE	Tul	be ref.		mm		Va
ITFE		В				Kg
518-7	7	socket	51	30	5	0.49

520-7

Solid Elbow (90°)

An alternative elbow to Type 515, two piece component. The elbow is designed to be joined to the handrails using two Type 514-7 internal couplings.





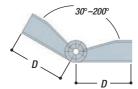
TYPE	Tube ref.			Ka
IIIrL				
520-7	7	80	30	0.40

554-7

Variable Angle

A variable angle elbow for changes in elevation. This elbow allow for flexibility and a range of angles. The elbow is joined to rails using two Type 514-7 internal couplings.





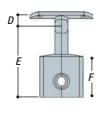
TYPE	Tube ref. <i>A</i>	mm D	Kg
554-7	7	108	0.33

555-8

Top Fix Rail Bracket

An in-line, adjustable angle component for use where a handrail is mounted to the top of the upright. The saddle has a variable angle of 60° from the vertical.





TVDE	Tub	e ref.		m			Va
TYPE							Ng
555-8	8	7	13	89	48	5	0.50
A indicates the diameter of the fiving hale							

561-7

Wall Frange

A wall mounted handrail end flange. Four fixing holes are drilled and countersunk to suit 6mm diameter flat head wood screws. The handrail is joined to the flange with Type 514-7 Internal Coupling.





TYPE	Tube ref.		mm		Va	
ITPE		D			ĸġ	
561-7	7	90	40	7	0.35	
Ø indicates the diameter of the fixing hole.						

565-7

Wall Mounted End Return

A wall mounted handrail return bracket. The bracket is joined to handrail using Type 514-7 coupling. Three fixing holes are drilled and countersunk to suit No. 14 countersunk screws.





TYPE	Tube ref.		m	m		Va
IIFE						l va
565-7	7	82	86	90	7	0.67
ndicate	s the diame	ter of the	fixing ho	le		

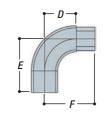
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567-7

End Post Handrail Return

A handrail return bracket for use when mounting railing to an upright. This handrail is mounted to an upright using a handrail socket. Join the return handrail using Type 514-7 internal coupling.





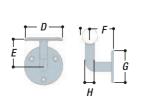
TYPE	Tub	e ref.		m	m		IV-
TYPE		В					Kg
567-7	7	stub	51	86	81	7	0.57
Ø indicate	s the	diame	ter of the	fixina ho	le.		

570-7

Wall Mounted Handrail Bracket

A wall mounted version of the 518-7. The handrail tube sits on the 'saddle' and is secured using either No. 10 self-drilling screws or multi-grip pop rivets. This bracket provides holes for countersunk head fixing screws only. Three fixing holes are drilled and countersunk to suit 6mm diameter countersunk screws.





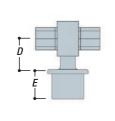
TYPE	Tube ref.				m			Va
ITPE								кy
70-7	7	88	63	82	90	25	7	0.67
Ø indica	ates the dia	meter	of the	fixing h	ole.			

575-7

Upright Mounted Handrail Joiner

This bracket is designed to be mounted on a type 10-848, 26-840 or an A10-848 connecting two adjoining tubes without requiring pop rivets or self tapping screws. The inset setscrew and precise coupling design facilitates a smooth and continuous finished handrail.





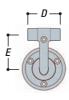
TYPE	Tube ref.	r	nm	Ka
		D		
575-7	7	51	30	0.79

580-7

Wall Mounted Handrail Joiner

A wall mounted version of the 575-7, comprises of three countersunk woodscrew fixing holes and connects two adjoining handrail tubes without requiring pop rivets or self tapping screws. The inset setscrew and precise coupling design facilitates a smooth and continuous finished handrail.

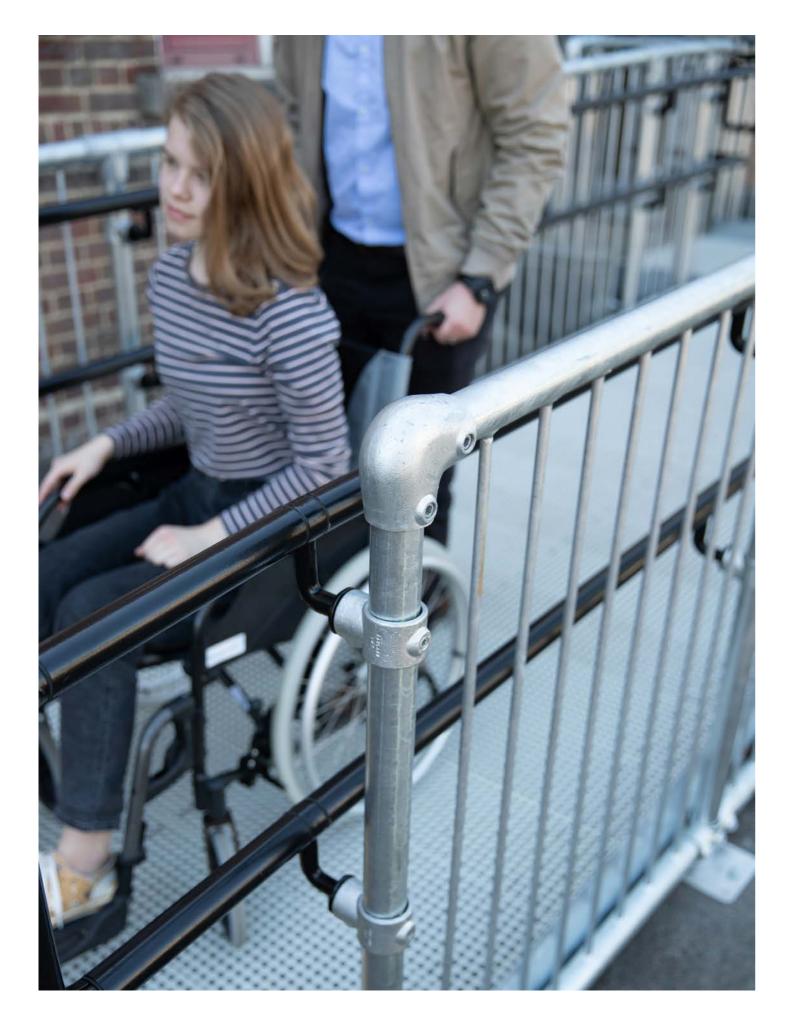


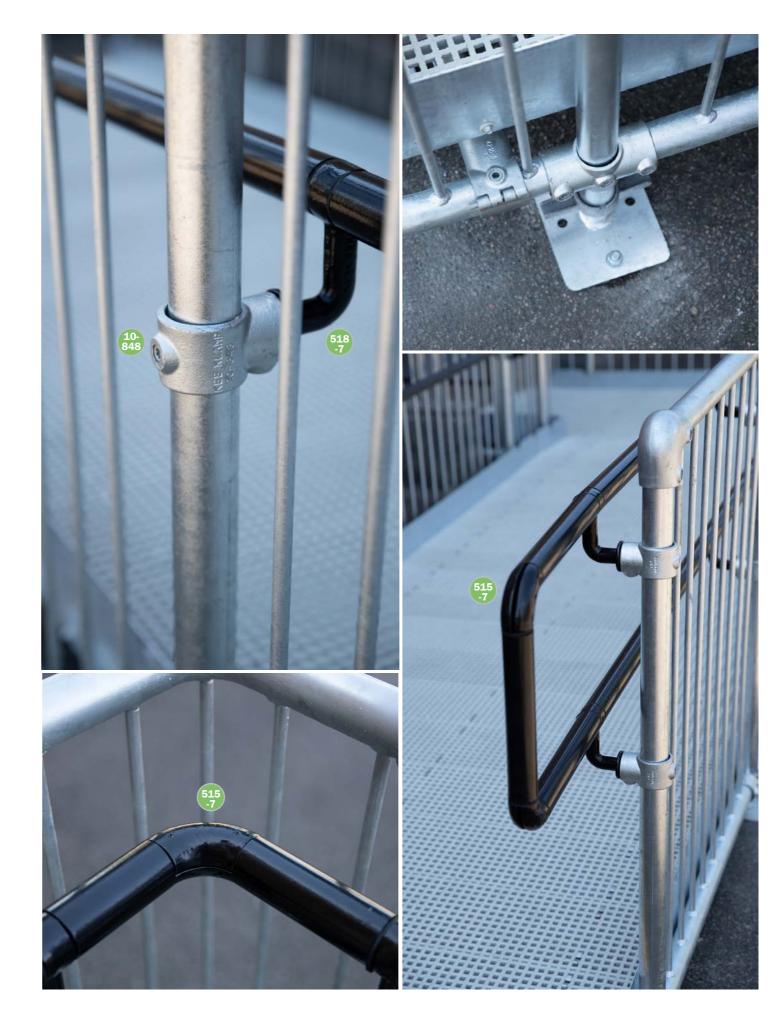


F	: - •
	Ġ
H	•

TVDE	Tube ref.			mm			Va
ITFE	Α						l va
580-7	7	75	84	82	90	25	0.9

37





Kee Lite[®]

Aluminium Safety Components

Kee Lite components are made from a high grade Aluminium Silicon Magnesium Alloy. They are strong yet light, and extremely durable – even in harsh environments. They are only one-third the weight of iron components, with about 75% of comparable tensile strength. Kee Lite components are designed to suit BS EN755 tube.



Kee Lite components offer flexibility and can be used in a variety of applications, from contemporary to industrial: your imagination is the only limitation.

Because Kee Lite can be easily installed with a hex tool and tube cutters, there is no need for welding or specialist installation skills, saving you both time and money.

Kee Lite is securely locked into place using recessed set screws that provide a sleek and smooth look to your railing system. Kee Lite components are available for tube sizes 25, 32, 40 and 50 N.B.

Component by Function

COUPLINGS

L14 Straight

CROSSES

L26 Two Socket

L30 Adjustable 11°–30°

L35 Three Socket

L40 Four SocketL326 Level to Sloping Down or Up

30°-45°

CROSSOVERS

L45 Crossover

L46 Combination Socket Tee

ELBOWS

L15 90°

L20 Side Outlet

LB54 Adjustable

L55 Obtuse Angle

L55A Variable 30°–60°

L56 Acute Angle 30°–45°

L56A Acute Angle 11°–30°

L320LH Left Hand Level to Sloping Down Side Outlet 30°-45°

L320RH Right Hand Level to Sloping Down Side Outlet 30°-45°

FLANGES

LC58 Swivel

.M58 Double Swivel

.61 Male Double Swivel

L62 Male Corner Swivel

Loz Iviale Corrier Swive

L63 Angle Base 45°–60°

L67 Angle

L68 Wall

.69 Railing Flange with

Toeboard Adaptor

L148 Heavy Duty Rectangular

.150 Heavy Duty Four Hole

L152 Four Hole Square

L164 Offset Wall

L262 Round Base

BRACKETS

L70 Rail Support

L160 Smooth Handrail Fitting

475 Aluminium Wall Bracket

PLUGS

77 Plastic

L84 Aluminium

COMBINATION SWIVELS

LC50 Single Combination

LF50 Female Single

LM50 Mail Single

LC51 Double Combination

LM51 Double Male

LC52 Corner Combination

LM52 Male Corner

TEES

L10 Single Socket

L19 Adjustable Side Outlet

21 Side Outlet 90°

L25 Three Socket

L29 Single Socket 30°-60°

L46 Combination Socket Tee

and Crossover

L114 Swivel

L321LH Left Hand Level to Sloping Down Side Outlet 30°-45°

L321RH Right Hand Level to Sloping Down Side Outlet 30°-45°

L325 Level to Sloping Down

30°-45°

L325A Level to Sloping Up 30°-45°

L427 Three Socket 11°-30°

TOEBOARD KITS

TBI Toeboard

MISCELLANEOUS

Gaskets Neoprene Flange Gasket

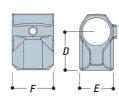
Kee Klamp steel version available

L10

Single Socket Tee

This component creates a 90° perpendicular joint between two tubes.





Tube ref.		mm	Kg	
				, ny
6	52	42	56	0.13
7	65	53	64	0.20
8	74	60	70	0.30
9	90	74	82	0.48
	A 6 7 8	A D 6 52 7 65 8 74	A D E 6 52 42 7 65 53 8 74 60	A D E F 6 52 42 56 7 65 53 64 8 74 60 70

L14

Straight Coupling

Designed to give an in-line joint between tubes of the same size. Frequently used to enable full tube lengths to be used in railing applications.





TYPE	Tube ref.		mm		Va
ITFE					Kg
L14-6	6	50	100	42	0.18
L14-7	7	59	130	53	0.24
L14-8	8	65	148	60	0.36

Note: It is not advisable to join the upper and lower rails of a railing within the same bay.

L15

Elbow (90°)

A 90° elbow joint, most frequently used as an end joint for the top-rail of safety railing on a level site.





TYPE	Tube ref.		mm		Kq
ITPE					кy
L15-6	6	52	42	56	0.14
L15-7	7	65	53	59	0.28
L15-8	8	74	60	65	0.40
L15-9	9	90	74	78	0.66

L19

Adjustable Side Outlet Tee (60°–200°)

Used to form variable angle joints between 60° and 200°. Not designed to absorb bending loads at barrier intersection.



Note: Type L19 components are bagged in pairs and are weighed, priced, and sold as such. Weight below refers to pairs.

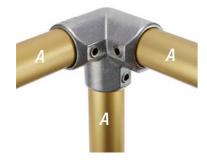
	77-
-0	60°-200°
E	D

TYPE	Tube ref.	п	ım	Va
HIFE	Α			Kg
L19-6	6	42	75	0.36
L19-7	7	53	90	0.58
L19-8	8	60	90	0.66

L20

Side Outlet Elbow (90°)

A 90° corner joint most frequently used for the top-rail of safety railing. It can also be used for the corner joint of benches, work tables and other rectangular structures.



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F	
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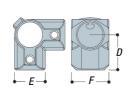
TYPE	Tube ref.		mm		Kg
ITFE					кy
L20-6	6	52	42	50	0.19
L20-7	7	65	53	59	0.35
L20-8	8	74	60	65	0.50

L21

Side Outlet Tee (90°)

Most frequently paired with type L20 to give a 90° corner joint for the middle rail of safety railing and other rectangular structures. The upright passes through the component.





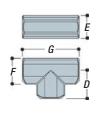
TYPE	Tube ref.		Va		
ITFE					Kg
21-6	6	52	42	56	0.16
L21-7	7	65	53	64	0.30
21-8	8	74	60	70	0.43

L25

Three Socket Tee

Commonly used as the 90° joint between the top-rail and an intermediate upright on safety railing. As there are two socket set screws in the sleeve, this component can be used where a join is required in the horizontal tube. The Type L10 component can be used as an alternative when a join in the tube is not required.





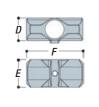
Type Tube ref.	Tube ref.	Tube ref. mm				Kg
HIFL						кy
L25-6	6	52	42	50	104	0.21
L25-7	7	65	53	59	130	0.35
L25-8	8	74	60	65	148	0.51
L25-9	9	90	74	78	180	0.93

L26

Two Socket Cross

Usually paired with Type L25 to give a 90° joint between the middle rail and an intermediate upright on safety railing. The upright passes through the component.





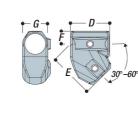
TYPE	Tube ref.		Va		
HIFL					Kg
L26-6	6	42	56	104	0.17
L26-7	7	53	64	130	0.28
L26-8	8	60	70	148	0.45
L26-9	9	74	82	180	0.66

L29

Single Socket Tee (30°–60°)

This adjustable component is most frequently used for struts and braces. It can be used at any selected angle between 30° and 60°. Suitable for connecting an angled staircase rail to a vertical upright.





Type Tube ref.			Va			
TIPE	Α					Ky
L29-7	7	82	95	27	53	0.32
L29-8	8	93	108	30	59	0.41
L29-0	0	93	100	30	59	0.41

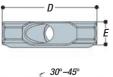
L30

Adjustable Cross (30°–45°)

This adjustable component can be used for railing on staircases between the mid-rail and intermediate upright which is required to remain vertical. It can be used at any selected angle between 30° and 45°.



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	^	30	-45°		
0	<u>v</u> Ž	0	IN	0	F

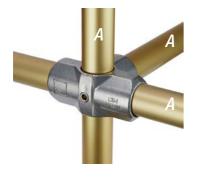
Type Tube ref.			mm				
ITFE					кy		
L30-7	7	215	53	54	0.52		
L30-8	8	245	59	60	0.83		

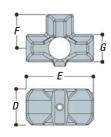
Kee Klamp steel version available

L35

Three Socket Cross

Most frequently used to tie uprights with horizontal tube in three directions, all 90° to the upright. The upright passes through the component.





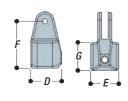
TYPE	Tube ref.		Kg			
ITPE						
L35-6	6	56	104	52	43	0.31
L35-7	7	64	130	65	53	0.41
L35-8	6	70	148	74	60	0.54

LF50

Female Single Swivel Socket Member

The female part of a swivel component combination.



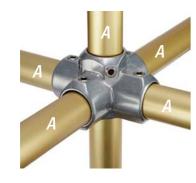


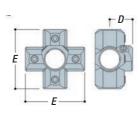
TYPE	Tube ref.		Va			
ITFE						Kg
LF50-6	6	50	42	75	53	0.17
LF50-7	7	59	53	90	59	0.25
LF50-8	8	65	60	90	67	0.29

L40

Four Socket Cross

Most frequently used in multiple upright structures to tie a centre upright with horizontal tubes in four directions. The upright passes through the component.





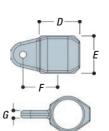
TYPE	Tube ref.	m	m	Va
IIFE				Kg
L40-7	7	130	50	0.52
L40-8	8	148	59	0.6

LM50

Male Single Swivel Socket Tee

The male portion of a swivel component combination. The component can also be used to attach flat panels to tubular structures.



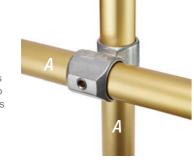


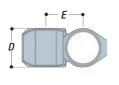
Type Tube ref.		mm					Ka
ITFE							Kg
LM50-6	6	50	44	47	11	10	0.12
LM50-7	7	59	51	50	11	10	0.15
LM50-8	8	65	60	55	11	10	0.20

L45

Crossover

Designed to give a 90° offset crossover joint. Frequently used on safety railing utilising a continuous horizontal rail, minimising tube cuts to reduce costs. Type L45 may also be used to allow intermediate levels on racks.



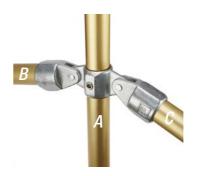


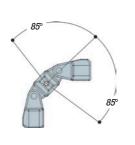
TYPE	Tube ref. m		m	Va
IIFE				Kg
L45-6	6	44	40	0.12
L45-7	7	54	50	0.21
L45-8	8	61	56	0.35

LC51

Double Swivel Socket

Complete combination component. Reducing combinations of Type LC51 are available in sizes 6, 7 and 8.



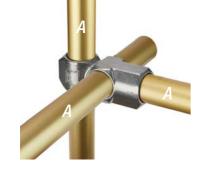


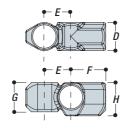
TYPE		Tube ref.	Kg	
				, Ky
LC51-666	6	6	6	0.48
LC51-777	7	7	7	0.69
LC51-888	8	8	8	0.77

L46

Combination Socket Tee and Crossover

Used on racking to join horizontal carrying rails to the upright, leaving the socket to take a horizontal tube outside the upright. On pallet racking, it is preferable to have the carrying rails inside the upright.





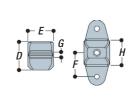
TYPE	Tube ref.		V a				
TIPE	Α						кy
L46-6	6	42	40	52	44	50	0.19

LM51

Male Double Swivel Socket Member

One half of a combination component. This component can also be used for attaching flat panels to tubular structures.





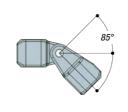
				mm					
						Ø	Kg		
6	50	44	47	11	42	10	0.16		
7	59	51	50	11	53	10	0.20		
8	65	60	55	11	60	10	0.27		
	7	7 59 8 65	7 59 51 8 65 60	7 59 51 50 8 65 60 55	7 59 51 50 11	7 59 51 50 11 53 8 65 60 55 11 60	7 59 51 50 11 53 10 8 65 60 55 11 60 10		

LC50

Single Swivel Socket

A complete combination swivel component, variable through 170°





TYPE	Tube	ref.	Va
ITPE			Kg
LC50-66	6	6	0.21
LC50-77	7	7	0.44
LC50-88	8	8	0.53

WARNING: Swivel components are not designed to resist bending loads. A structure should not be designed entirely of swivel components as they will not provide sufficient stability for the structure.

LC52

Corner Swivel Socket

Complete combination component.
Reducing combinations of type
LC52 are available in sizes 6, 7 and
8. See Type LM52 and Type LF50
for measurements.



Note: Swivel components are not designed to resist
bending loads. A structure should not be designed
entirely of swivel components as they will not provide
sufficient stability for the structure.

	\wedge
o	85°
V.	85°

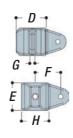
TYPE		Ka		
ITPE				Ny
LC52-666	6	6	6	0.59
LC52-777	7	7	7	0.67
LC52-888	8	8	8	0.85

LM52

Male Corner Swivel Socket Member

One half of a combination component. This component can also be used for attaching flat panels to tubular structures.





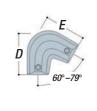
		mm						
							Kg	
6	50	44	47	11	42	10	0.16	
7	59	51	50	11	53	10	0.23	
8	65	60	55	11	60	10	0.27	
	6 7	6 50 7 59	6 50 44 7 59 51	6 50 44 47 7 59 51 50	6 50 44 47 11 7 59 51 50 11	6 50 44 47 11 42 7 59 51 50 11 53	6 50 44 47 11 42 10 7 59 51 50 11 53 10	

L56A

Acute Angle Elbow (11°-30°)

Type L56A is an ideal component to use as an alternative to bending, or when a junction between a sloping tube (11°-30°) and an end post (i.e. guardrail on staircases) between.





TYPE	Tube ref.		m	Kq	
	Α			кy	
L56A-7	7	108	108	0.43	
L56A-8	8	114	114	0.49	

Kee Klamp steel version available

LB54

Adjustable Elbow (45°-200°)

A swivel component designed as an in-line variable angle connection, adjustable from 45° to 200°.





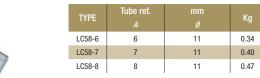
TYPE	Tube ref.		mm		Kq
TIPE	Α				, ky
LB54-66	6	50	42	100	0.35
LB54-77	7	58	55	119	0.65
LB54-88	8	65	60	131	0.73

LC58

Swivel Flange

A swivel component for attachment of angled tube to a flat surface. See Type LM58 and Type LF50 for measurements.







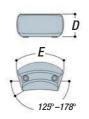
WARNING: This component is not recommended for use as a base flange to support guardrail or balustrades.

L55

Obtuse Angle Elbow

The Type L55 is an ideal component to use as an alternative to bending, or when a junction between a sloping tube and an end post (i.e. guardrail and staircases).





TYPE	Tube ref. mm		Va	
ITPE				Kg
L55-6	6	50	114	0.17
L55-7	7	58	152	0.33
L55-8	8	64	150	0.36

LM58

Double Swivel Socket

The male part of a swivel component for attaching angled tubing to flat surfaces.





TYPE			mm			Rivet hole dia. (mm)	Fixing hole dia. (mm)	Kg
	D							
LM58	86	34	8	53	45	10	11	0.17

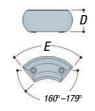
Ø indicates the diameter of the fixing hole.

L55A

Variable Elbow (11°-30°)

The Type L55A is an ideal component to use as an alternative to bending or when a junction between a sloping tube and an end post.





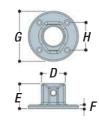
TYPE	Tube ref.	Ka		
ITPE				ĸy
L55A-6	7	59	165	0.29
L55A-7	8	64	165	0.39

L61

Flange

This flange, with holes provided for countersunk head fixing screws only, is used in structures where the fixing required is positional only. Frequently used as a wall fixing bracket





TYPE	Tube ref.					Va		
ITFE	Α							Kg
L61-6	6	41	50	8	100	49	6	0.21
L61-7	7	53	55	8	110	61	6	0.29
L61-8	8	60	60	8	120	67	6	0.32

Ø indicates the diameter of the fixing hole.

WARNING: It is not recommended for use as a base flange to support guardrail or balustrades (see Type 62).

L56

Acute Angle Elbow (30°-45°)

Type L56 is an ideal component to use as an alternative to bending, or when a junction between a sloping tube (30°-45°) and an end post (i.e. guardrail and staircases).





TYPE	Tube ref.		mm		Ka
IIIL	Α				Ny
L56-7	7	137	99	99	0.47
L56-8	8	120	112	120	0.62

L62

Standard Railing Flange

Should always be used to fix guardrail. Holes are desiged for both mechanical and chemical anchors. Two set screws in the vertical socket give greater stability to the upright. It is recommended that the fixing holes in the flange be in-line with the applied load.



Note: The tul	oe is able to	pass	through	the	base
of the compo	nent.				

G	
$G \rightarrow H$	
E	

TVDE	Tube ref.	. mm DEFGHJØ								
ITFE									Kg	
L62-6		42	90	9	89	128	75	14	0.3	
L62-7		55	90	9	102	140	82	14	0.4	
L62-8	8	62	90	9	115	160	84	14	0.4	
Ø indicat	es the dia	amete	r of the	fixin	a hole					



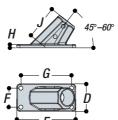
Kee Klamp steel version available

L63

Angle Base Flange (45°-60°)

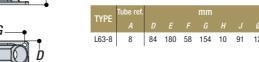
Similar to a Type L62, but used to set up the upright at an angle between 45° to 60°. This component should only be subjected to light loads which cannot be positioned at 90° to the applied loads. For greater loads or other tube sizes, a Type L62 flange is used and the upright bent to the required angle.





TVDE	Tube ref.		mm DEFGHJØ							
TYPE									Kg	
L63-8	8	84	180	58	154	10	91	12	0.69	



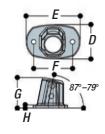


L67

Angle Flange

Type L67 has been designed to allow the upright to pivot in the barrel, providing an angular displacement from 87° up to a maximum of 79°, measured from the vertical. Ideal to secure balustrade and guardrail systems on access ramps or other types of slopes.





TVDE	Tube ref.			m	m			V.
	А							Ny
L67-8	8	102	160	115	90	9	14	0.5
	'							

L68

Wall Flange

L69

Side palm flange for fixing guardrail and balustrades to walls, parapets, steps and ramps. The upright cannot drop through the socket. Note: If the upright is required to pass through the component by machining out the base stop, the bottom fixing hole becomes unusable.

Railing Flange with

The railing flange has been designed

for guardrail and balustrades and

the base. The base plate can use

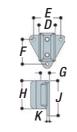
a mechanical or chemical anchor; the side plates have slotted holes

to allow for a degree of sideways

allows attachment of a toeboard to

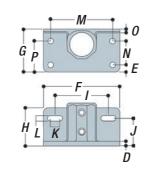
Toeboard Adaptor





TVDE	Tube ref. <i>A</i>					l Ka				
HIFL										Ny
L68-6	6	42	71	64	24	75	101	8	11	0.24
L68-7	7	53	86	80	28	89	113	8	11	0.35
L68-8	8	60	96	92	31	100	128	8	11	0.43





TVDE	Tube ref.				mm				V-
TYPE									Kg
		10	15	145	80	80	96	58	
L69-7	7			М	N		Р	Ø	0.64
		20	11	115	40	8	51	11	
		10	15	160	90	80	112	58	
L69-8	8			М					0.75
		20	11	130	50	8	57	11	

Ø indicates the diameter of the fixing hole.

*A toeboard designed for use with Type L69 railing flange is available from Kee Safety. (See page 55.)

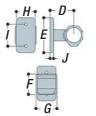
movement for ease of installation.* **L70 Rail Support**

This component, with holes provided for countersunk head screw fixings only, is designed to carry handrails along walls or to fix structures back to walls. The tube passes through the component and cannot be joined within the component. Type 70 is also used

guardrail uprights.

to attach toeboards to the base of





TVDE	Tube ref.				m					Va
IIFL										Kg
L70-6	6	60	92	50	50	45	68	10	8	0.20
L70-7	7	68	105	59	60	54	81	10	8	0.34
L70-8	8	75	115	65	66	60	91	10	8	0.45
A indicates the diameter of the fiving help										

WARNING: Type 70 components are not designed to be used as base flanges for full neight guardrails or handrails.

L84

Metal Plug

A metal drive-in plug. For proper insertion, a rubber mallet should be used. The metal plug is difficult to remove once installed.





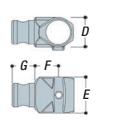
TYPE	Tube ref.		Va		
TIPE					Kg
L84-6	6	34	31	6	0.02
L84-7	7	43	31	6	0.05
L84-8	8	49	31	6	0.05

L114

Swivel Tee

An internal swivel component designed to accommodate varying angles on handrail, staircases, ramps or bracing. Used in conjunction with types L10, L15, L25 or L45, it eliminates the need for specialty drilled angle components.





TYPE	Tube ref.		Kg			
ITFE	Α					
L114-6	6	43	56	45	32	0.18
L114-7	7	53	64	43	40	0.27
L114-8	8	60	70	46	40	0.34

Ø indicates the diameter of the fixing hole.

WARNING: This component is not recommended for use as a base flange to support guardrail or balustrades.

L148

Heavy Duty Rectangular Flange

This a structural base fixing is used to fix down guardrail and balustrades. Available with either two or four fixing holes. The two socket set screws give greater stability to the upright. It is recommended that fixing holes be in-line with the applied load.



Note: Th	e L1	48-9	2 has	s two	holes;	the
L148-94	has	four	hole	s.		

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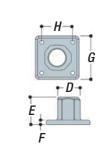
TYPE	Tube ref.		mm						Kg		
L148-92	9	78	87	12	77	198	130	153	45	18	1.13
L148-94	9	78	87	12	77	198	130	153	45	14	1.13

L150

Heavy Duty Four Hole Square Flange

A heavy duty, four point fixing flange. Ideal when a structural fixing is required.





TYPE	Tube ref.			m	ım			Kg
L150-8	8	65	76	13	127	89	11	0.64
Ø indicate	s the diam	eter o	f the fix	king ho	ole.			

L152

Four Hole Square Flange

A four point fixing flange.



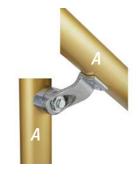
H	G
F	† E

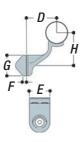
TYPE	Tube ref.			m	m			Kg
L152-6	6	50	46	6	76	52	8	0.16
L152-7	7	59	55	8	85	61	11	0.27
L152-8	8	65	65	8	92	67	11	0.31
Ø indicates the diameter of the fixing hole.								

L160

Smooth Handrail Fitting

Designed to provide attachment for a smooth handrail. The component swivels during installation, allowing the handrail to be placed at any angle. The component is supplied as a kit including fasteners.





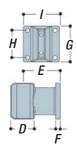
TYPE	Tube ref.			mm			K
	Α						
L160-7	7	59	40	10	40	64	0.
L160-8	8	59	40	8	40	67	0.

L164

Offset Wall Flange

This component is designed for palm fixing of uprights to steel channels, walls, parapets, steps and ramps. The upright cannot drop through the socket.





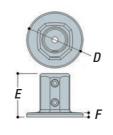
	TYPE	Tube ref.				mm				Kg
	L164-8	8	65	102	13	102	76	76	11	0.85
Ø indicates the diameter of the fixing hole.										

L262

Round Base Flange

Sleek round base flange. A single fixing hole is hidden to create a more aesthetic look. The two set screws in the vertical socket give greater upright stability.





TYPE	Tube ref.		mm		Ka
TIPE					κy
L262-7	7	100	90	9	0.42
L262-8	8	116	90	9	0.51

L320LH

Left hand level to **Sloping Down Side** Outlet Elbow (30°-45°)

Left Hand Side Outlet Elbow component designed for the top-rail on guardrail on slopes and staircases between 30° and 45° at the junction where the handrail changes from level to sloping down



lote: handing perspective for	Kee	Lite
s looking UP the staircase.		

	TYPE	Tube ref.		mm		Ka
	TIPE					Ny
5°	L320LH-7	7	67	65	27	0.39
	L320LH-8	8	76	74	30	0.51

L320RH

Right hand level to **Sloping Down Side** Outlet Elbow (30°-45°)

Right Hand Side Outlet Elbow component designed for the top-rail on guardrail on slopes and staircases between 30° and 45° at the junction where the handrail changes from level to sloping down the stairs.



	F	
/		-
30°-45°		D
\vee	E -	_

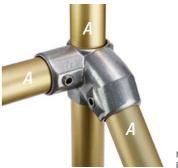
TVDE	Tube ref.		mm		
TYPE	А				Kg
L320RH-7	7	67	65	27	0.39
L320RH-8	8	76	74	30	0.51

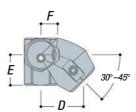
Note: handing perspective for Kee Lite is looking UP the staircase.

L321LH

Left hand level to **Sloping Down Side** Outlet Tee (30°-45°)

Left Hand Side Outlet Tee component designed for the mid-rail on guardrail on slopes and staircases between 30° and 45° at the junction where the handrail changes from level to sloping down the stairs.





TYPE	lube rei.	111111			Va
TIPE					Kg
.321LH-7	7	67	50	27	0.36
.321LH-8	8	76	54	30	0.43

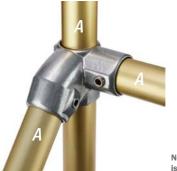
Kee Klamp steel version available

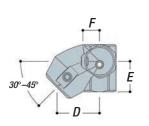
Note: handing perspective for Kee Lite is looking UP the staircase.

L321RH

Right hand level to **Sloping Down Side** Outlet Tee (30°-45°)

Right Hand Side Outlet Tee component designed for the mid-rail on guardrail on slopes and stair-cases between 30° and 45° at the junction where the handrail changes from level to sloping down the stairs.





Note: handing perspective for Kee Lite	
is looking UP the staircase.	

TYPE	Tube ref.		mm		Ka
IIFE	А				, ky
L321RH-7	7	67	50	27	0.36
L321RH-8	8	76	54	30	0.43

L325

Level to Sloping Down Tee (30°-45°)

Tee component designed for the top-rail on guardrail on slopes and staircases between 30° and 45° at the junction where the handrail changes from level to sloping down the stairs.



	1	_ F	_
30°-45°	6		J E
1		D -	3

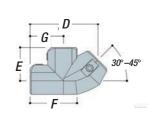
TYPE	Tube ref.		m	m		Kg
HIFE						
L325-7	7	132	65	65	101	0.39
L325-8	8	150	74	74	112	0.51

L325A

Level to Sloping Up Tee (30°-45°)

Tee component designed for the top-rail on guardrail on slopes and staircases between 30° and 45° at the junction where the handrail changes from level to sloping up the stairs.





TYPE	Tube ref.		m	m		Kg
IIFL						
L325A-7	7	132	65	65	101	0.39
L325A-8	8	150	74	74	112	0.51

L326

Level to Sloping Down or Up Cross (30°-45°)

Level to Sloping Down or Up Cross (30° -45°) Cross component designed for the mid-rail on guardrail on slopes and staircases between 30° and 45° at the junction where the handrail changes from either level to sloping down or level to sloping up the stairs.



	F
-	
30°-45°	E
×	$G \rightarrow G$
1	— <i>D</i> — →

TYPF	Tube ref.		m			Kg
ITPE						
L326-7	7	132	92	92	65	0.4
L326-8	8	150	104	104	74	0.52

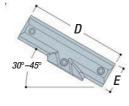
Kee Klamp steel version available

L427

Three Socket Tee (30°-45°)

This component is used on a safety railing with slopes between 30° and 45° and fixes the top-rail to a vertical intermediate upright.





TYPE	Tube ref.	m	m	V~
				Kg
L427-7	7	180	52	0.45
L5427-8	8	216	59	0.64

Gaskets

Neoprene Gaskets

Gaskets are available to prevent the corrosion associated with lime in concrete. The gaskets have more resistance than natural rubber to sunlight, ozone and oxidation. Neoprene is heat resistant and does not soften as natural rubber does under severe exposure. Gasket part numbers correspond to Kee Lite flange and base components as per table.



LG61-8	LG61-8	LG62-8	LG68-8	LG70-6	LG148-9	LG152-7
LG62-6	LG62-6	LG68-6	LG69-7	LG70-7	LG150-8	LG152-8
LG62-7	LG62-7	LG68-7	LG69-8	LG70-8	LG152-6	LG164-8









97

Set Screws

Socket set screws are supplied and inserted in all Kee Safety components as standard, the case hardened set screws that are fitted to Kee Klamp components are coated with Kee Koat. Kee Koat ensures at least four times the corrosion resistance of bright zinc plated alternatives. Kee Lite components are all supplied and fitted with grade 1.4301 stainless steel set screws.



TYPE	To suit tube sizes			Size	Finish			
97-3	3			5/16" BSF	BZP			
97-4	4			3/8" BSF	BZP			
97-56	5	6		ISO 228 1/4"	KEE KOAT			
97-789	7	8	9	ISO 228 3/8"	KEE KOAT			
97-56050	5	6		ISO 228 1/4"	Grade 1.4301 Stainless Stee			
97-78950	7	8	9	ISO 228 3/8"	Grade 1.4301 Stainless Stee			

I-FP

In-fill Panels

Panels in a variety of materials, sizes and finishes. The standard 50mm x 50mm weld mesh is available in either galvanised or powder coated finish. Maximum panel size is 240cm x 120cm. Smaller opening are also available (25mm x 25mm or 50mm x 50mm).



Kee Safety also offer made-to-order Vertical Bar Infill which is stronger than welded mesh and is normally fabricated from 12mm solid bar welded at 100mm centres. This complies with the 100mm sphere rule stated in BS 6180:1995, Clause 5.3, Perforated or solid infill is also available.

97ATD

Anti-theft Device

Aluminum drive rivets discourages the tampering of set screws whilst creating a nice finished appearance. Drive rivets are easy to install. The rivet pin is hit with a hammer driving it flush with the rivet head and expanding the rear of the rivet. No special tools are necessary. One size fits components 5-9.



TB1

Toeboard Fixing Pack

Fixing pack consists of 2x M10 x 25mm hex head screws, 2x M10 form A flat washer, 2x M10 Form A spring washer, and 2x M10 full nut. All materials in A4-70 stainless steel.



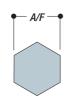
98

Ratchet Set

Reversible ratchet for easier fastening of grub screws (1/2" Drive, 20cm long). Ratchet handle and hexagon bits are supplied separately. A/F refers to the dimensions across the flats.



Note: Actual product may differ from that shown. Image is for illustration purposes only.



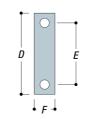
TYPE	To suit tube sizes		ibe	Sizes
98				Ratchet Handle (1/2" drive, 8" long)
98-56	5	6		Hexagon Bit (1/4" AF)
98-789	7	8	9	Hexagon Bit (5/16" AF)

TB2

Inline Toeboard Connector

Used to join two pieces of in-line toeboard as part of an installed system.





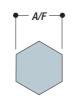
TYPE	D	mm <i>E</i>	F	Kg
TB2	100	76	25	0.03

99

Hex Key

Simple hex key. A/F refers to the dimension across the flats.





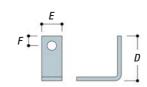
TYPE	To su	ıit tube	sizes	A/F
99-3	3			5/32"
99-4	4			3/16"
99-56	5	6		1/4"
99-789	7	8	9	5/16"

TB2C

90° Toeboard Connector

Used to join two pieces of toeboard that are 90° to each other to form a corner as part of an installed system.





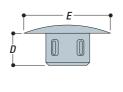
TYPE		mm		Ka
ITPE				кy
TB2C	55	25	12	0.03

100

Plastic Set Screw Cap

Grey plastic set screw caps provide the perfect finishing touch to galvanised Kee Klamp components. Secure push-in-fit application.





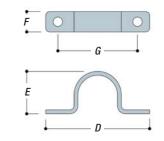
TYPE	To suit tube sizes			-		
100-56	5	6		6	16	To fit 97-5 and 97-6 set screws
100-789	7	8	9	6	16	To fit 97-7, 97-8 and 97-9 set screws

TB3

Upright Toeboard Connector

Used to mount toeboard to a side fixed upright where the component is below the level of the parapet or similar.





TVDE		m			Va
TYPE	D				Kg
TB3	128	52	25	98	0.06

Accessories and Specifying Components

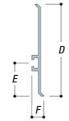
TB150

Toeboard

Used with both the Type 69 and Type L69 Railing Flange. The toeboard is 150mm high and is made of aluminium. A channel in the toeboard accepts the bolt head of the mounting hardware, allowing ease in placement. Toeboard is sold by the linear metre. It can be supplied adonised if required.



Note: Mounting hardware is available separately.



TYPE	D	mm E	F	Kg
TB150	150	52	19	20.9kg/6.3m

05 52 00 Metal Railings

PART 1-1 GENERAL

- 1.1 SCOPE
- 1.2 RELATED WORK
- 1.3 RAILING STRUCTURAL REQUIREMENTS
- 1.4 SUBMITTALS
- 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

PART 2-2 PRODUCTS

2.1 SUPPLIER

A. Manufacturer of handrail, guardrail or railing systems shall be the following except where otherwise noted on the Drawings:

Kee Safety Limited Cradley Business Park

Overend Road, Cradley Heath, B64 7DW Tel. +44 (0) 1384 632 188

2.2 SYSTEMS

A. Handrails and Guardrails: Provide tube, Kee Klamp, Kee Lite or Kee Access fittings and accessories as indicated or required to match the design indicated in the Drawings.

2.3 METALS

A. Tube

1. Steel Tube: BS EN 10255 (ISO 65).

2. Aluminium Tube: BS EN 755.

B. Fittings and Castings

- 1. Cast Iron Fittings or Castings to comply with BS EN 1562 and 1563.
- 2. Hot Dip Galvanised finish to comply with BS EN ISO 1461.
- 3. Aluminium Alloy Fittings or Castings conforming to A356–T6
- 4. Brackets, Flanges and Anchors: Cast or formed metal of same material and finish as supported rails.

2.4 OTHER MATERIALS

2.5 FABRICATION-GENERAL

PART 3-3 EXECUTION

- 3.1 EXAMINATION AND PREPARATION
- 3.2 INSTALLATION
- 3.3 JOB CLOSE OUT

A brief three part specification for Kee Safety components is shown above for quick reference. The full specification is available for download on the Kee Safety website.

Kee Klamp Load Chart

Tube Size	6 3.2mm	7 3.2mm	7 4mm	8 3.2mm	8 4mm	8 5mm	9 3.65mm	9 4.5mm	9 5mm		
Grade	EN 10255 Medium	EN 10255 Medium	EN 10255 Heavy	EN 10255 Medium	EN 39 Heavy	EN 10210 S355 JOH	EN 10255 Medium	EN 10255 Heavy	EN 10255 S355 JOH		
Design Load Criteria		Upright Height 900mm									
360 N/m	1285mm (7.02KN)	2129mm (10.14KN)	2525mm (12.03KN)	2849mm (12.04KN)	2994mm (12.65KN)	3052mm (12.90KN)	3829mm (14.65KN)	3873mm (14.82KN)	4123mm (9.83KN)		
740 N/m	625mm (7.02KN)	1036mm (10.15KN)	1228mm (12.03KN)	1396mm (12.04KN)	1977mm (17.17KN)	2350mm (20.41KN)	2441mm (19.20KN)	2672mm (21.02KN)	3286mm (16.10KN)		
1500 N/m	308mm (7.01KN)	511mm (10.14KN)	606mm (12.03KN)	683mm (12.03KN)	975mm (17.17KN)	1682mm (29.62KN)	1204mm (19.20KN)	1318mm (21.02KN)	2525mm (25.07KN)		
3000 N/m	152mm (5.35KN)	255mm (8.98KN)	303mm (10.67KN)	341mm (12.01KN)	487mm (17.15KN)	885mm (31.17KN)	600mm (21.13KN)	722mm (25.43KN)	1442mm (28.64KN)		
Design Load Criteria				Upright Heig	ght 1000mm						
360 N/m	1150mm (6.98KN)	1909mm (10.11KN)	2263mm (11.98KN)	2556mm (12.00KN)	2849mm (13.38KN)	2930mm (13.76KN)	3718mm (15.81KN)	3781mm (16.08KN)	4023mm (10.53KN)		
740 N/m	559mm (6.97KN)	928mm (10.10KN)	1101mm (11.98KN)	1243mm (12.00KN)	1775mm (17.13KN)	2168mm (20.93KN)	2191mm (19.15KN)	2398mm (20.96KN)	3143mm (16.91KN)		
1500 N/m	276mm (6.98KN)	458mm (10.10KN)	543mm (11.98KN)	613mm (11.99KN)	875mm (17.12KN)	1432mm (28.02KN)	1081mm (19.15KN)	1183mm (20.96KN)	2313mm (25.23KN)		
3000 N/m	136mm (6.88KN)	229mm (10.10KN)	271mm (11.96KN)	306mm (11.97KN)	437mm (17.10KN)	760mm (29.74KN)	540mm (21.13KN)	644mm (25.20KN)	1295mm (28.25KN)		
Design Load Criteria				Upright Heig	ght 1100mm						
360 N/m	1040mm (6.94KN)	1728mm (10.06KN)	2048mm (11.93KN)	2315mm (11.96KN)	2668mm (13.78KN)	2778mm (14.35KN)	3580mm (16.74KN)	3665mm (17.14KN)	3906mm (11.14KN)		
740 N/m	506mm (6.94KN)	840mm (10.06KN)	996mm (11.92KN)	1126mm (11.96KN)	1608mm (17.07KN)	1946mm (20.66KN)	1986mm (19.09KN)	2173mm (20.89KN)	2963mm (17.37KN)		
1500 N/m	249mm (6.92KN)	414mm (10.05KN)	491mm (11.91KN)	555mm (11.94KN)	793mm (17.07KN)	1171mm (25.20KN)	980mm (19.10KN)	1072mm (20.89KN)	2016mm (23.96KN)		
3000 N/m	123mm (6.93KN)	207mm (10.05KN)	245mm (11.89KN)	277mm (11.92KN)	396mm (17.05KN)	619mm (26.64KN)	490mm (19.10KN)	536mm (20.89KN)	1008mm (23.96KN)		

Industrial Use-Non Emergency:

360 Newtons per metre run (N/m)

Commercial Use:

740 Newtons per metre run (N/m)

Retail/Public Access:

1500 Newtons per metre run (N/m)

Stadium:

3000 Newtons per metre run (N/m)

The current regulations give various design requirements to be fulfilled of which the Design Load is the most important.

Base upon rail diameter being the same as the upright but using BS EN 10255 medium wall tubing. Design Loads are as stated in BS 8118, BS 6180, BS 6399 and BS 7818. The above bay sizes are based upon using the Kee Klamp Type 62 base fitting fixed perpendicular to the line of the handrails. The figures shown in brackets are the required anchor pull out loads for the bay size indicated after all reduction factors have been applied.

Notes: The table is based on the maximum permissible bending moment of the tube.

- · All rails are the same tube size as uprights but in BS EN 10255 medium grade tube
- Where tube is to be used to form ground sockets: a.) Tube size 6 fits inside tube size 7 medium grade only, b.) Tube size 8 fits inside tube size 9 all grades
- Based upon rail diameter being the same size and grades as the upright. Design Loads are as stated in BS 8118, BS 5950, BS 6180, BS 6399 and BS 7818
- To achieve bigger bay sizes than those stated please contact Kee Safety Ltd for further details

Kee Lite Load Chart

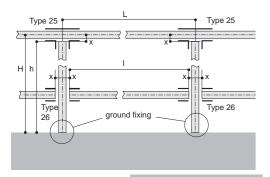
Tube Size	6 3.38mm	7 3.56mm	8 4.05mm	9 4.06mm	
Grade	6082 T6	6082 T6	6082 T6	6082 T6	
Design Load Criteria		Upright Hei	ght 900mm		
360 N/m	720mm	1388mm	1879mm	2490mm	
740 N/m	N/A	N/A	1220mm	1940mm	
Design Load Criteria		Upright Heig	ht 1000mm		
360 N/m	540mm	1117mm	1664mm	2370mm	
740 N/m	N/A	N/A	950mm	1690mm	
Design Load Criteria	Upright Height 1100mm				
360 N/m	400mm	871mm	1398mm	2205mm	
740 N/m	N/A	N/A	730mm	1400mm	

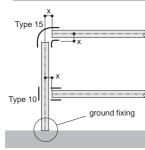
Kee Lite components are made from high grade Aluminium Silicon Magnesium Alloy. Recommended set screw torque is 39Nm

- $\bullet \quad \text{Minimum slip load capacity on aluminium tube: 7.56KN (safety factor = 2 with tube having a minimum slip load)} \\$
- mum UTS of 275 N/mm²)
- Large grubscrews are designed to resist thread stripping
- The core range of KEE LITE fittings has undergone independent testing by $T\ddot{U}V$

Straight and Level Guard Rail

Using Types 10, 15, 20, 21, 25 and 26 or L10, L15, L20, L21, L25 and L26





Where

- L = distance between centres of uprights
- I = length of horizontal tubeH = distance from ground to
- centre line of top-rail

 h = length of upright tube
- **Table 1**Dimension 'x' for fittings above, including Types 35, 40 and L35*

Fitting Size	x (mm)
3	-12
4	-13
5	-14
6	-17
7	-22
8	-25
9	-30

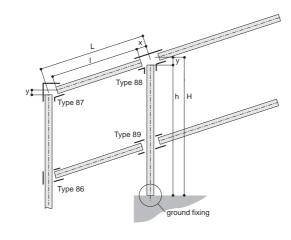
Table 1 gives details of dimension 'x' in the formula: I=L-2xTo calculate rail lengths and uprights use the formula: $h=H-x\pm (ground\ fixing)*$

Note: When reducing fittings are being used care must be taken to use the correct 'x' dimension. (i.e., Type 10-87, vertical tube size 8, horizontal tube size 7. To find the correct length of the horizontal tube, the length 'x' is that for the size 8 vertical tube.) When using Types 35 and 40 the above 'x' dimension should be used. Although guardrailing is normally constructed in size 6, 7 and 8 tube, Table 1 shows the cutting length for all Kee Klamp tube sizes, and can therefore be applied to many other rectangular structures.

*When using Kee Lite bases, L61, L62, L69, L140, L150 and L152, "ground fixing" dimension will be zero.

Guardrailing up Slopes 0°-11°

Using Types 86, 87, 88 and 89



Where the upright remains vertical, i.e. ramps and stairways, (i) dimension 'x' to be subtracted from the upright centre dimension measured on the slope to give rail length. (I = L -2x); (ii) dimension 'y' to be added to the centre dimension to give the length of the upright (H = h + y + ground fixing).

Table 2

Rails

Angle of Slope	Size 8 Fittings 'x' (mm)
0° to 4°	-25
5° to 9°	-28
10° to 11°	-30

Table 2 gives details of dimensions required for calculating the rail lengths, where angles are between 0° and 11° .

Table 3

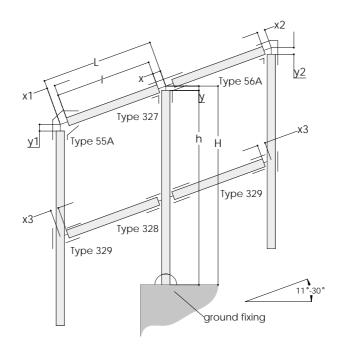
Uprights

Angle of Slope	Size 8 Fittings 'y' (mm)
0° to 4°	-25
5° to 9°	-28
10° to 11°	-30

Table 3 gives details of dimensions required for calculating the upright lengths, where angles are between 0° and 11° .

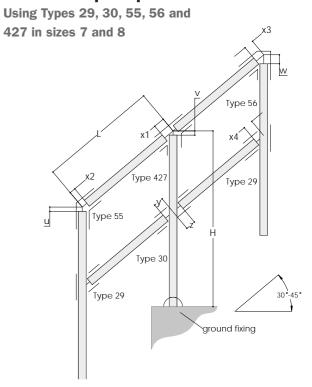
Guardrail Up Slopes 11° to 30°

Using Types 55A, 56A, 327, 328 and 329 size 7 and 8



Where the upright remains vertical, i.e. stairways (i) dimension x, x1, x2, x3 to be subtracted from the upright centres; dimension (L) to give the rail length; (ii) dimension y, y1 and y2 for determining the upright length.

Guardrail up Slopes 30° to 45°



Where the upright remains vertical, i.e. stairways (i) dimension x, x1, x3, y & z to be subtracted from the upright centres; dimension (L) to give the rail length; (ii) dimension u, v and w for determining the upright length.

Table 1

Rails

				Fittin	g Size			
Angle Of Slope					8			
от олоро		х1	x2	х3	Х	x1	x2	х3
11°	-26	-25	-35	-52	-29	-16	-35	-51
15°	-28	-21	-46	-53	-31	-27	-47	-52
20°	-30	-16	-48	-55	-34	-21	-49	-54
25°	-33	-15	-52	-59	-38	-22	-53	-57
30°	-37	-8	-57	-64	-42	-15	-59	-62

Table 1 gives details of dimensions required for calculating the rail lengths, where angle are between 11 $^{\circ}$ & 30 $^{\circ}$.

Table 2

Uprights

Amela		Fitting Size							
Angle Of Slope		7			8				
	у	y1	y2	у	y1	y2			
11°	+7	-10	-28	+6	-7	-33			
15°	+7	-11	-25	+6	-8	-30			
20°	+7	-13	-34	+6	-10	-38			
25°	+7	-15	-43	+6	-10	-48			
30°	+7	-18	-53	+6	-14	-59			

Table 2 Gives details of dimensions required for calculating the upright lengths.

Table 3

Rails

Angle	e Fitting Size											
Of				7					8	3		
Slope	x1	x2	х3	x4	у		x1	x2	х3	х4	у	
30°	-39	-20	-55	-37	-49	-55	-45	-22	-49	-43	-60	-74
35°	-44	-16	-61	-40	-50	-54	-50	-18	-55	-47	-60	-74
40°	-47	-20	-71	-45	-51	-53	-55	-21	-66	-52	-61	-74
45°	-50	-26	-85	-51	-91	-53	-55	-26	-81	-59	-68	-66

Table 3 gives details of dimensions required for calculating the rail lengths, where angle are between 30° & 45°

Table 4

Uprights

A		Fitting Size						
Angle Of Slope					8			
0. 0.0po			W			w		
30°	-17	+5	-48	-25	+6	-49		
35°	-16	+5	-59	-21	+6	-59		
40°	-8	+3	-69	-14	+6	-69		
45°	+2	-1	-80	-2	-4	-81		

Table 4 Gives details of dimensions required for calculating the upright lengths.

Guardrail up slopes 30° to 45°

Using 325, 325A, 326, size 7 and 8

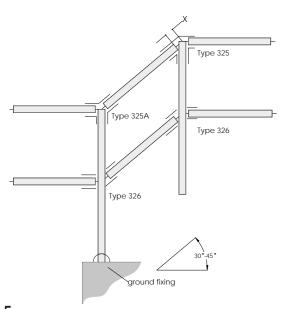


Table 5
Rails

	Fitting Size			
Angle Of Slope	7			
Of Stope	X			
30°	-47	-57		
35°	-52	-62		
40°	-59	-69		
45°	-68	-79		

Table 5 gives details of dimensions required for calculating the rail lengths, where angle are between $30^{\circ}\ \&\ 45^{\circ}$

Slope Fittings

The latest addition to the Kee Klamp portfolio is an extension to the current range of slope fittings designed to enhance the building of guardrail along staircases and ramps particularly when the slope is greater than 30°. The range introduces single fittings to cater for situations where currently a combination of fittings is required. Not only does this improve the aesthetics of the finished guardrail but it also allows for a quicker and easier install. The range of slope fittings is available in Size 7 (outer diameter 42.4mm) and Size 8 (outer diameter 48.3mm) designed for use with steel tubing to BS EN 10255.

Kee Klamp fittings are iron castings manufactured to the requirements of BS EN 1562 & BS EN 1563. They are supplied hot dip galvanised to BS EN ISO 1461.

A Kee Klamp fitting can support an axial load of 900Kg per set screw tightened to a torque of 4Kgm (39 Nm). In common with all Kee Klamp products, the threaded recesses of each fitting are covered with Threskoat protective coating to provide enhanced corrosion resistance and all grub screws are manufactured in case hardened steel coated with Kee Coat for corrosion protection.

Guardrail up slopes 30° to 45°

Using 320RH, 320LH, 321RH and 321LH size 7 and 8

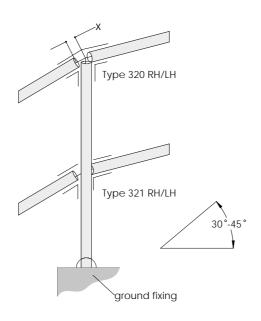


Table 6Rails

Fitting Size				
7	8			
Х	Х			
-55	-62			
-60	-68			
-67	-76			
-77	-86			
	7 x -55 -60 -67			

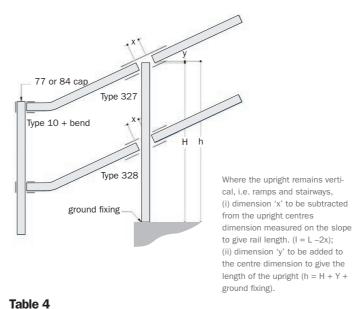
Table 6 gives details of dimensions required for calculating the rail lengths, where angle are between $30^{\circ}~\&~45^{\circ}$

Features and Benefits

- Kee Klamp is the best known brand of slip-on tube fittings available for over 80 years
- Manufactured to stringent quality standards to ensure consistent performance
- Extended range of slope fittings gives greater design flexibility
- Adjustability in the fittings allows greater on-site tolerances to be met
- Using single fittings rather than pairs speed up installation times

Guardrailing up Slopes 11°-30°

Using Adjustable Fittings, Types 327 and 328



Rails

Angle of Slope	Size 7 Fittings: 'x' (mm)	Size 8 Fittings: 'x' (mm)
11°	-28	-30
15°	-32	-35
20°	-32	-38
25°	-35	-41
30°	-41	-44

Table 4 gives details of dimensions required for calculating the rail lengths, where angles are between 11° and 30° .

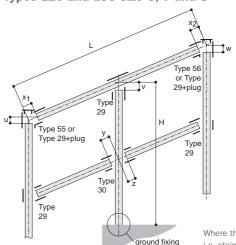
Table 5

Angle of Slope	Size 7 Fittings: 'y' (mm)	Size 8 Fittings: 'y' (m)
11°	+16	+19
15°	+16	+19
20°	+13	+16
25°	+13	+16
30°	+13	+13

Table 5 gives details of dimensions required for calculating the upright lengths, where angles are between 11° and 30°.

Guardrailing up Slopes 30°-45°

Using Adjustable Fittings, Types 29, 30, 55 and 56 or Types L29 and L30 size 6, 7 and 8



Where the upright remains vertical, i.e. stairways (i) dimension x, y, or z to be subtracted from the upright centres: dimension (L), to give the rail length; (ii) dimension u, v and w for determining the upright length.

Table 6

Rails

Angle	Size 6 Fitting		Size 7 Fitting			Size 8 Fitting			
of Slope	x (mm)	y (mm)	z (mm)	x (mm)	y (mm)	z (mm)	x (mm)	y (mm)	z (mm)
30°	-31	-54	-36	-40	-64	-41	-45	-77	-54
35°	-34	-51	-39	-44	-61	-44	-50	-73	-57
40°	-37	-48	-42	-48	-57	-48	-55	-64	-61
45°	-43	-45	-45	-54	-53	-52	-61	-65	-66

Table 6 gives details of dimensions required for calculating the rail lengths, where angles are between 30° and 45°

Table 7

Uprights

Angle	Si	Size 6 Fitting		Size 7 Fitting			Size 8 Fitting		
of Slope	u (mm)	v (mm)	w (mm)	u (mm)	v (mm)	w (mm)	u (mm)	v (mm)	w (mm
30°	+ 36	-31	+ 24	+ 44	-40	+ 29	+46	-45	+ 33
35°	+ 42	-34	+ 18	+ 52	-44	+ 21	+ 55	-50	+24
40°	+ 49	-37	+ 11	+ 61	-48	+ 12	+65	-55	+ 14
45°	+ 58	-43	+ 2	+ 71	-54	+ 2	+ 77	-61	+ 2

Table 7 gives details of dimensions required for calculating the upright lengths, where angles are between 30 $^{\circ}$ and 45 $^{\circ}$.

Table 8

Uprights and rails using Types 55 and 56 – Size 8 only

Angle	u (mm)	x ₁ (mm)	w (mm)	x ₂ (mm)
20° to 29°	-18	-18	-50	-50
30° to 39°	-16	-16	-60	-60
40° to 49°	-14	-14	-70	-70
50° to 59°	-12	-12	-	-
60° to 69°	-10	-10	-	-
70° to 79°	-8	-8	-	-
80° to 88°	-6	-6	-	-

Table 8 gives details of dimensions required for calculating the upright lengths.

Shelving

Using Type 46 or L46

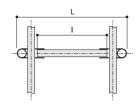


 Table 9

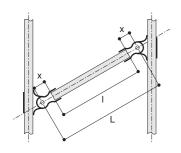
 Shelving with carrying rails positioned on the outside of the upright

Fitting Size	x (mm)
4	-98
5	-134
6	-162
7	-196
8	-228
9	-276

Table 9 gives the dimension 'x' to be subtracted from overall shelf width 'L' to give the length of the cross rail in the formula I = L - x. (Dimension x accounts for the use of two Type 46 or L46 fittings.)

Construction of Braces and Struts

Using Types C50, C51, C52 and C53 or LC50, LC51 and LC52



When using multiple tube sizes in one structure, Types F50-5 to F50-9 or LF50-6 to LF50-8 can all be combined with:

M50-5 to M50-9 LM50-6 to LM50-8 M51-5 to M51-9 LM50-6 to LM50-8 M52-5 to M52-8 LM52-6 to LM52-8 M53-8

to construct combination fittings (i.e. C50-75, C50-85, C51-655, C52-855 and C53-888).

Table 10Shelving with carrying rails positioned on the outside of the upright.

Fitting Size	x (mm)
4	- 14
5	– 25
6	– 25
7	– 25
8	– 25
9	- 32

Table 10 gives details of dimension 'x' to be subtracted to give the tube length required for use with two Type F50 or LF50 fittings in the formula I-L-2x.

Note: Dimension 'L' is the length from pivot point to pivot point. The distance from upright to upright is dependent on the angle of the strut.

Pallet Racking

Using Type 46 or L46

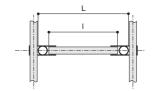


Table 11Pallet racking with the carrying rails on the inside of the upright

x (mm)
-48
-59
-72
-85
-102
-126

Table 11 gives dimension 'x' which must be subtracted from the overall width of the carrying rails, to give the length of the cross rail in the formula:

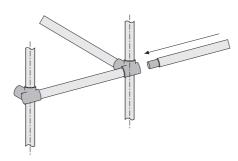
I = L - x. (Dimension x accounts for the use of two Type 46 or L46 fittings.)

Table 12Additional tube length to reach topmost fitting's termination

Fitting Size	z (mm)
3	+24
4	+28
5	+31
6	+38
7	+46
8	+51
9	+61

The length of the longitudinal member can be calculated from multiples of the length of the bay between the centres of uprights, plus dimension 'z' in Table 12. Dimension z accounts for the length of tube needed to go through the topmost fitting to the fitting's termination. This also applies to constructions using fitting Type 45.

Longitudinal tubes are joined using fittings Type 14 or 18 couplings (use of Type 18 is not recommended as a load bearing joint), which must be positioned to occur at the edge of the Type 46 fitting, and must not all occur in the same bay at alternate levels.



Spigots can be either tubes or rods, riveted into position, or the Type 18 fitting. When using the latter, a gap of 20mm must be allowed for the set screw fixing.

Base and Wall Fixings*

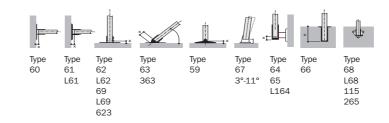


Table 13

Flange Type	x (mm)
59	-10
60	-10
61	-6
62	-6
67	-6
623	-12

Table 13 gives details of the ground fixing dimension 'x', to be subtracted from the height 'H' to give the length of the upright 'h'.

Table 14

Angle	x (mm)
45°	-38
50°	-32
60°	-25
65°	-12

Table 14 gives details of the ground fixing dimension 'x', for Type 63-6 only, to be subtracted to give the length of the upright for each angle condition.

Table 15

Angle	x (mm)
11°	-38
15°	-32
20°	-25
25°	-20
30°	-12

Table 15 gives details of the ground fixing dimension 'x' for Type 363, to be subtracted to give the length of the upright for each angle condition.

Table 16

Fitting Size	x (mm)
6	-5
7	-6
8	-6

Table 16 gives the dimension 'x' to be subtracted from the length of the upright for fitting Types 64, 65, 67, 68, 115, 265, L68 and L164.

Table 17

Fitting Size	x (mm)
6	+115
7	+127
8	+127

Table 17 gives the ground fixing dimension 'x', to be added to the upright member to allow for the setting into the socket Type 66.

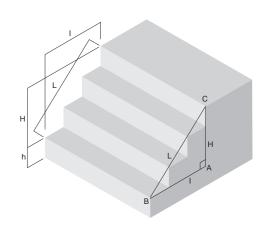
*When using Kee Lite bases and flanges, "ground fixing" dimension (x) will be zero, except when using flanges L164, L68 and LC58.

Constructing Circles and Triangles

Worked Example

Slopes and radii present no problem to the Kee Klamp galvanised railing systems. Fitting Types 27, 28, 29, 30, C50, C51, C52, 55, 56, 86, 87, 88 and 89 (and the 90 range pedestrian guardrail fittings) are designed to allow for raked handrail while keeping the uprights vertical. Tube can be bent and radiused to suit most situations. Also, true lengths have to be determined where braces and struts are being used.

Consider the following concrete single flight staircase.



Where

H = Vertical height from 1st nosing to last nosing.

h = Vertical height from ground level to 1st nosing.

I = Horizontal dimension from 1st nosing to last nosing.
L = Hypotenuse dimension (Pitch Line) from 1st nosing to last nosing.

н	Known Data	Formula for Side and Angle		
	H & L	$I = \sqrt{(L^2 - H^2)}$	Sin B = -	$C = 90^{\circ} - B$
	L & I	$H = \sqrt{(L^2 - I^2)}$	Sin C = -	B = 90°- C
	H & I	$H = \sqrt{(H^2 - I^2)}$	Tan $B = -$	$C = 90^{\circ} - B$

Note: The table can be used to solve angles and true lengths for braces and struts.

Step 1

From a simple site survey or information from a working drawing, obtain the following dimensions.

Note: For greater accuracy, vertical dimensions should be taken by means of a Dumpy Level or a Theodolite.

H = vertical height from the 1st nosing to the last (140cm).

L = pitch line, the diagonal dimension from the 1st nosing to the last (240cm).

Step 2

From the table to determine angle B we use; Sin B = 55 / 96, Angle B = 35°

Ramps can be dealt with in a similar way. Most ramps have a stated gradient (e.g. 1:12); for every 12 units traversed horizontally, 1 unit of vertical height is obtained.

^{*}Pallet racking is not recommended in less than size 7 tube.

How to Make Jigs for Railing Posts

Set-up

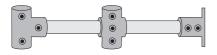
Step 1

Start with pre-cut tube.



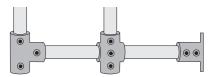
Step 2

Measure and locate fittings on first post only.



Step 3

Lay post horizontal, and insert two pieces of scrap tube. This is all that's involved in setting up your jig! From this point, duplicate posts can be produced by unskilled labour, without further measuring, at the rate of 20–30 posts per hour.

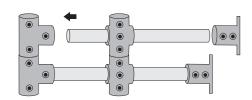


Utilising Jigs for Railing Posts

Production

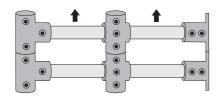
Step 1

Set top and middle fittings in place, unfastened, on the two pieces of scrap pipe.



Step 2

Insert pre-cut tube into fittings, then add flange.



Step 3

Simply tighten set screws, then lift off.

Pedestrian Guardrailing

Using Types 90, 91, 92, 93 and 95

This construction is used when individual rails are required to be removable and when the site is not straight and level. Slopes of up to 7° or radii greater than six metres can be accommodated without bending the tubing.

When bending the tube around a corner, a Type 95 PGR spigot must be included to prevent sagging. Holes of 15mm diameter must be drilled through both walls of the upright, one at 25mm from the top of the upright tube.

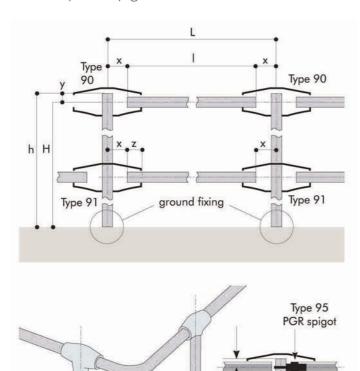


Table 18

Fitting Size	x (mm)	y (mm)
8	-66	+25

Table 18 gives details of

(i) Dimension 'x' in the formula I = L - 2x for calculating the rail lengths where:

L = distance between the centres of the uprights

I = length of the horizontal tube

(ii) Dimension 'y' in the formula $h = H + y + (ground\ fixing)$ for calculating the upright length where:

H = distance from ground to the centre line of the top-rail

h = length of upright tube.

brass drive screw (No. 6 x 10mm) is located at dimension 'z', in Table 19, on one end only for each horizontal tube. This positions the horizontal tube within the Kee Klamp fitting to give location relative to the set screws.

Table 19

Fitting Size	z (mm)
8	37

Wire Mesh Infill

Infilling is normally constructed from $50 \text{mm} \times 50 \text{mm} \times 3.2 \text{mm}$, $25 \text{mm} \times 25 \text{mm} \times 3.2 \text{mm}$ or $50 \text{mm} \times 25 \text{mm} \times 3.2 \text{mm}$ wire mesh welded to a $8 \text{mm} \times 3.2 \text{mm}$ root frame, and is fixed into position using standard Fitting Types 81 and 82. (NB: Types 81 and 82 require cut outs on mesh less than $32 \text{mm} \times 32 \text{mm}$ square.)

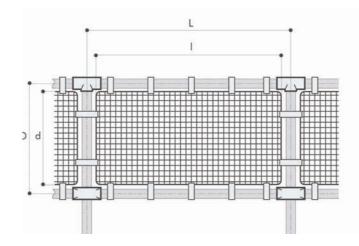


Table 20

Fitting Size	x (mm)
5	-60
6	-76
7	-86
8	-89
9	-98

Table 20 gives the dimensions to be subtracted from the centre dimensions 'L' and 'D' of the structure to give the formulae I=L-x and d=D-x.

Warning: The spacing of panel clip Types 81 and 82 should not exceed 450mm centres. The safety attachment incorporated in the panel clip Types 81 and 82 cannot be used with mesh less than 32mm.

Tube Bending

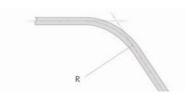


Table 21

Fitting Size	R (mm)
3	57
4	57
5	90 or 98
6	102
7	135
8	152
9	203

Table 21 gives details of standard radius 'R' of the tube bent by Kee Safety Ltd. If the standard radii below are not suitable, tube sizes 5 to 9 can be rolled to any radius above a minimum of 500mm.

Galvanised Racking Load Tables

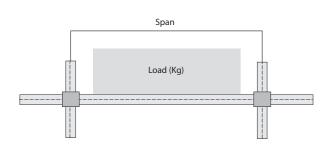


Table 22Beam load tables (Kg)

			Fitting Size		
0	5			8	9
Span (m)			Tube Size		
(111)	26.9mm	33.7mm	42.4mm	48.3mm	60.3mm
	x 2.6	x 3.2	x 3.2	x 3.2	x 3.6
0.5	540	1060	1750	2380	4000
0.6	435	850	1407	1870	3250
0.7	375	730	1207	1595	2760
0.8	330	645	1063	1385	2420
0.9	295	579	946	1230	2160
1.0	265	525	850	1110	1950
1.1	240	478	770	1013	1775
1.2	219	438	705	930	1625
1.3	202	403	651	858	1497
1.4	187	373	604	796	1387
1.5	175	347	564	741	1290
1.6	-	325	529	693	1205
1.7	-	306	499	650	1129
1.8	-	290	472	613	1061
1.9	-	277	448	581	999
2.0	-	268	427	553	987
2.1	-	-	408	528	944
2.2	-	-	391	505	855
2.3	-	-	376	485	818
2.4	-	-	362	467	785
2.5	-	-	349	450	755
2.6	-	-	-	434	728
2.7	-	-	-	419	703
2.8	-	-	-	405	680
2.9	-	-	-	-	659
3.0	-	-	-	-	639
3.1	-	-	-	-	620
3.2	-	-	-	-	603
3.3	-	-	-	-	588
3.4	-	-	-	-	575
3.5	-	-	-	-	564

Table 22 gives an indication only of the safe load, uniformly distributed, in Kg, that may be carried per shelf consisting of front and back pipes when used as continuous beams. For uneven load distributions or single spans, the required tube size must be determined by standard bending moment calculations assuming a Kee Klamp joint to give a simply supported beam.

At loads greater than 900Kg consideration must be given to set screw slip.

Table reflects a safety factor of 1.67:1

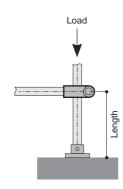


Table 23Load table (Kg) – unfixed upright

	Fitting Size						
Longth				8	9		
Length (m)	Tube Size						
	26.9mm	33.7mm	42.4mm	48.3mm	60.3mm		
	x 2.6	x 3.2	x 3.2	x 3.2	x 3.6		
0.3	1720	2950	4038	4783	7044		
0.4	1435	2617	3703	4446	6661		
0.5	1150	2284	3368	4109	6278		
0.6	910	1951	3033	3772	5895		
0.7	725	1618	2690	3435	5512		
0.8	590	1348	2363	3098	5129		
0.9	480	1128	2028	2761	4746		
1.0	-	948	1752	2424	4363		
1.1	-	798	1524	2134	3980		
1.2	-	-	1340	1884	3597		
1.3	-	-	1188	1668	3253		
1.4	-	-	1066	1484	2951		
1.5	-	-	-	1328	2681		
1.6	-	-	-	-	2441		
1.7	-	-	-	-	2226		
1.8	-	-	-	-	2032		
1.9	-	-	-	-	1857		
2.0	-	-	-	-	1697		

Table 23 gives an indication only of the safe load, in Kg, that may be carried between the above restraints by single tubes to BS EN 10255 (ISO 65) when used as uprights.

Table reflects a safety factor of 2:1

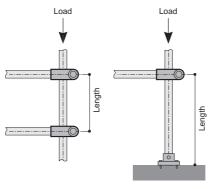


Table 24Load tables (Kg) – fixed uprights

	Fitting Size				
Length (m)			Fitting Size		
	26.9mm x 2.6	33.7mm x 3.2	42.4mm x 3.2	48.3mm x 3.2	60.3mm x 3.6
0.3	1860	3086	4192	4916	7250
0.4	1600	2810	3910	4638	6930
0.5	1360	2534	3628	4360	6610
0.6	1140	2258	3346	4082	6290
0.7	940	1982	3064	3804	5970
0.8	775	1706	2782	3526	5650
0.9	640	1471	2500	3384	5330
1.0	540	1269	2235	3248	5010
1.1	-	1092	1995	2970	4690
1.2	-	937	1779	2692	4370
1.3	-	-	1587	2414	4050
1.4	-	-	1417	2169	3730
1.5	-	-	1265	1954	3410
1.6	-	-	1130	1764	3130
1.7	-	-	-	1602	2890
1.8	-	-	-	1462	2680
1.9	-	-	-	1342	2480
2.0	-	-	-	1242	2300
2.1	-	-	-	-	2120
2.2	-	-	-	-	1950
2.3	-	-	-	-	1800
2.4	-	-	-	-	1650

Table 24 (on page 49) gives an indication only of the safe load, in Kg, that may be carried between the above restraints by single tubes when used as uprights.

At loads greater than 900Kg^* consideration must be given to set screw slip (*rating includes a safety factor of 2:1.74).

Table reflects a safety factor of 2:1

Aluminium Racking Load Tables

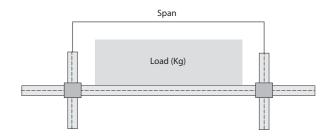


Table 25Beam load table (Kg)

		Fitting	Size	
	6		8	
Span (m)		Tube Siz	e (mm)	
(,	25 N.B.	32 N.B.	40 N.B.	50 N.B.
	G	rade of Material –	6082 T6 Aluminiu	m
0.3	1140	2468	4230	8693
0.6	285	617	1057	2173
0.9	126	274	470	965
1.1	84	183	314	646
1.2	71	154	264	543
1.5	45	98	169	347
1.7	35	76	131	270
2.1	23	50	86	177
2.3	-	42	71	147
2.4	-	38	66	135
2.7	_	-	52	107
3.0	-	-	42	86

Values shown have a safety factor of 2 built into them and are based on the limit state of the material used.

The values in Table 25 are an indication of a UDL that a rack consisting of two continuous support tubes can support.

For uneven load distributions, the required tube size must be determined by standard bending moment and deflection calculations assuming the Kee Lite joint to give a simply supported beam.

At loads greater than 770Kg* consideration must be given to grubscrew slippage. (*A safety factor of 2 being applied in this instance.)

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Load Tables Vibration Test

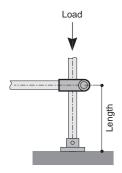


Table 26Load tables (Kg) – unfixed upright bases

_	Fitting Size			
	6		8	
Height (m)		Tube S	ize (mm)	
(111)	25 N.B.	32 N.B.	40 N.B.	50 N.B.
		Grade of Material -	- 6082 T6 Aluminium	
0.30	2431	4174	5249	7382
0.40	1653	3470	4593	6994
0.45	1296	2636	3675	6640
0.50	891	1977	3150	5934
0.60	502	1538	2441	5122
0.70	405	1274	1969	3850
0.75	324	725	1706	3355
0.80	267	593	1260	2755
0.90	251	505	1129	2402
1.00	210	461	997	2048
1.05	178	395	525	1942
1.10	-	351	499	1589
1.20	-	329	394	1448
1.30	-	308	381	1271
1.40	-	285	357	742
1.45	-	-	314	600
1.50	-	-	276	557
1.60	-	-	-	530
1.67	-	-	-	466
1.75	-	-	-	441
1.80	-	-	-	406
1.90	-	-	-	369
2.00	-	-	-	351

Values shown have a safety factor of 2 built into them and are based on the limit state of the material used.

Table 26 gives an indication only of the safe load, in Kg, that may be carried between the above restraints by single tubes when used as uprights.

Table reflects a safety factor of 2:1

At loads greater than 770Kg consideration must be given to grubscrew slippage (a safety factor of 2 being included in this instance).

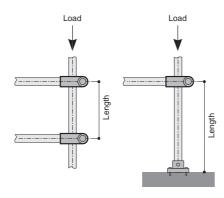


Table 27Load tables (Kg) – uprights restrained both ends

6 7 8 9 Height (m) Tube Size (mm) 25 N.B. 32 N.B. 40 N.B. 50 N.B.
(m) 25 N.B. 32 N.B. 40 N.B. 50 N.B.
25 N.B. 32 N.B. 40 N.B. 50 N.B.
Crade of Material 6002 TG Aluminium
Grade of Material – 6082 T6 Aluminium
0.30 3549 5052 6063 8300
0.40 3371 4789 5906 8123
0.45 3160 4723 5722 8053
0.50 2625 4393 5512 7841
0.60 2399 4174 5249 7700
0.70 2009 3778 5118 7417
0.75 1750 3405 4803 7064
0.80 1378 2965 4147 6994
0.90 1215 2592 3622 6605
1.00 1102 2240 3360 6181
1.05 940 1933 3097 5828
1.10 843 1845 2703 5474
1.20 - 1538 2493 5122
1.30 - 1427 2231 4768
1.40 - 1318 1969 3956
1.45 - 1208 1785 3814
1.50 - 1076 1627 3461
1.60 - 988 1522 3108
1.67 - 1443 2755
1.75 - 1286 2543
1.80 1181 2402
1.90 2296
2.00 2155
2.05 2048
2.10 1801
2.20 1730
2.30 1589
2.40 1519

Values shown have a safety factor of 2 built into them and are based on the limit state of the material used.

Table 27 gives an indication only of the safe load, in Kg, that may be carried between the above restraints by single tubes when used as uprights.

Table reflects a safety factor of 2:1

At loads greater than 770Kg consideration must be given to grubscrew slippage (a safety factor of 2 being included in this instance).

Test Report:

Vibration of Kee Klamp® Assemblies

Exhaustive tests on samples of standard size 7 Kee Klamp fittings were performed by an independent research laboratory. The purpose of the test was to evaluate the use of either standard set screws or self-locking set screws.

Test Arrangement

A "Tee" section test assembly was made using three 300mm lengths of galvanised size 7 standard tube held together by a three socket tee fitting (Type 25-7). The vertical leg of the test assembly was supported in a standard railing flange (Type 62-7). The completed assembly was then rigidly attached to the vibration table.

The test assembly was initially assembled using standard set screws and tested in this configuration. The standard set screws were then replaced with the self-locking screws and the tests repeated.

Test Procedure

The test was conducted on a Ling 667Kg Electromagnetic Vibration Table. The table was programmed to perform a resonance search between 25 and 350Hz and resonant frequencies were recorded and shown in Table 28.

Table 28
Test Results

Resonance Frequencies	Q Factor	Running Time
74	1.27	Nil
106	1.27	Nil
158	1.53	6 hours
200	1.8	6 hours
221	5	6 hours
295	9	6 hours

During the resonance search, amplification factors (Q) were measured at each resonant frequency, the point of reference being the end of one horizontal tube. The table was then held at one of the resonant frequencies, set in motion with a controlled acceleration level of 4g, and ran for a period of six hours. This was repeated for three more resonant frequencies in descending order of Q factor.

Furthermore, during the twenty-four hours of vibration at the four resonant frequencies above, no signs of loosening with either type of attachment screw occurred.

Comprehensive data showing the telescopic relationship between tubes to BS EN 10255 (ISO 65) is shown in Table 29.

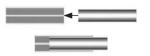
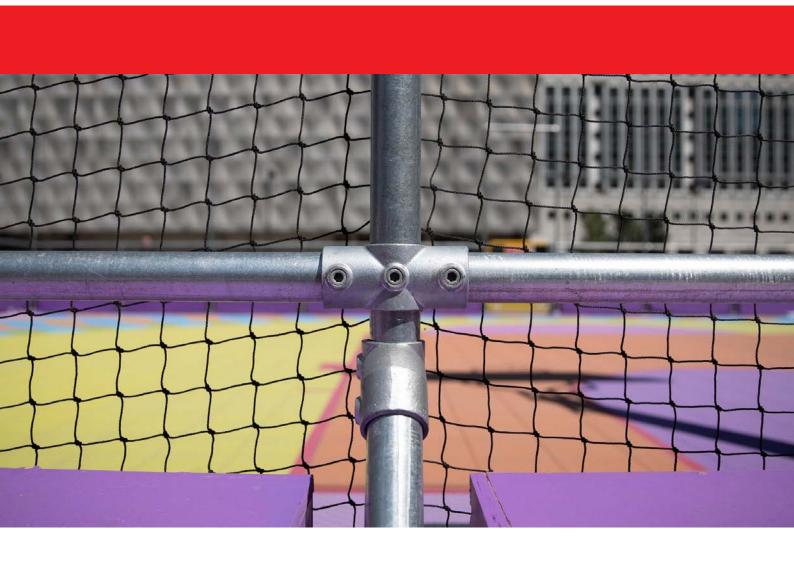


Table 29Telescopic relationship between tubes to BS EN 10255 (ISO 65)

Size 9 heavy	Will accept 8 heavy or medium
Size 9 medium	Will accept 8 heavy or medium
Size 8	No telescopic relationship
	Requires special spigotting material
Size 7 heavy	Will only accept size 6 light
Size 7 medium	Will accept size 6 light, medium and heavy
Size 6 heavy	No telescopic relationship
	Requires special spigotting material
Size 6 medium	Will only accept size 5 light
Size 5 heavy	No telescopic relationship
	Requires special spigotting material
Size 5 medium	No telescopic relationship
	Requires special spigotting material
Size 4	No telescopic relationship
	Requires special spigotting material
Size 3	No telescopic relationship
	Requires special spigotting material



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